

Neural Mesh Editing

Rana Hanocka
Assistant Professor
University of Chicago



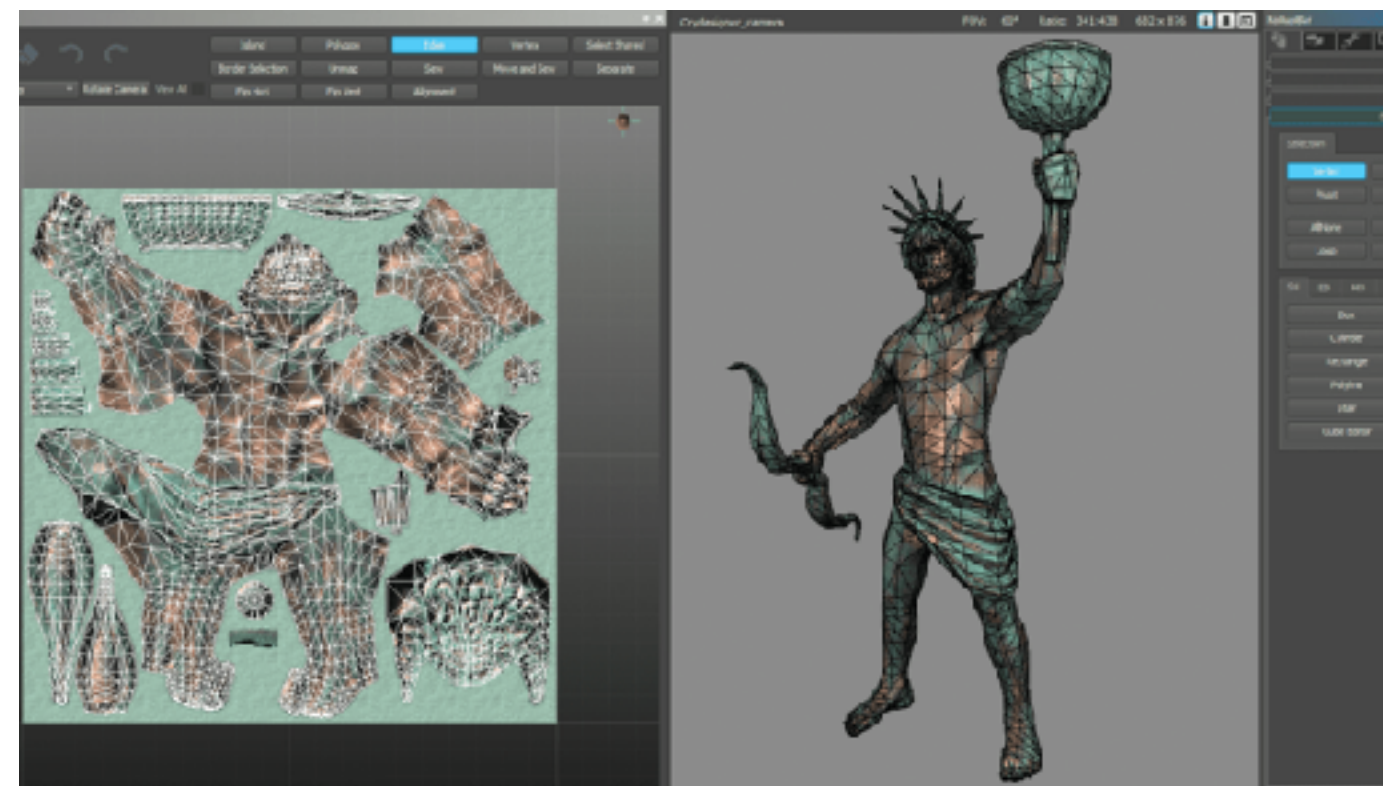
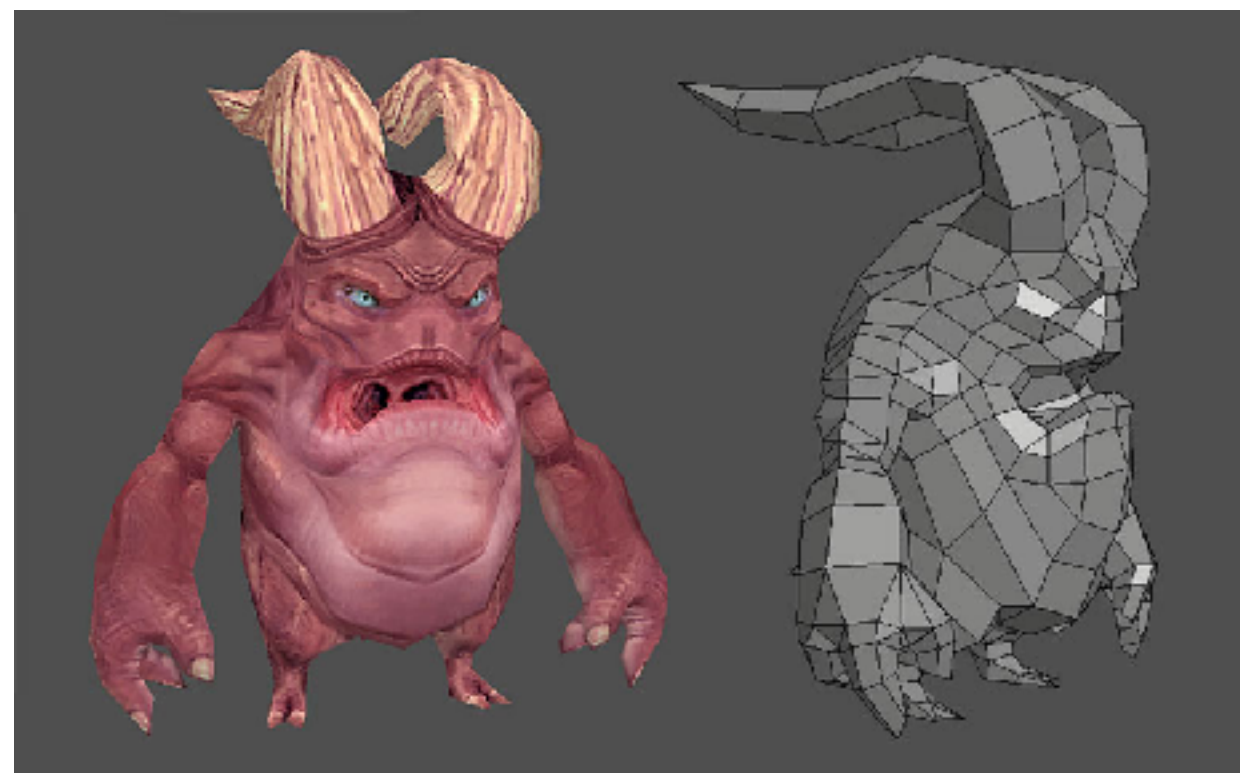
Neural Representations of Geometry Show Promise



NeRF [ECCV 2020]



Gaussian Splatting [SIGGRAPH 2023]

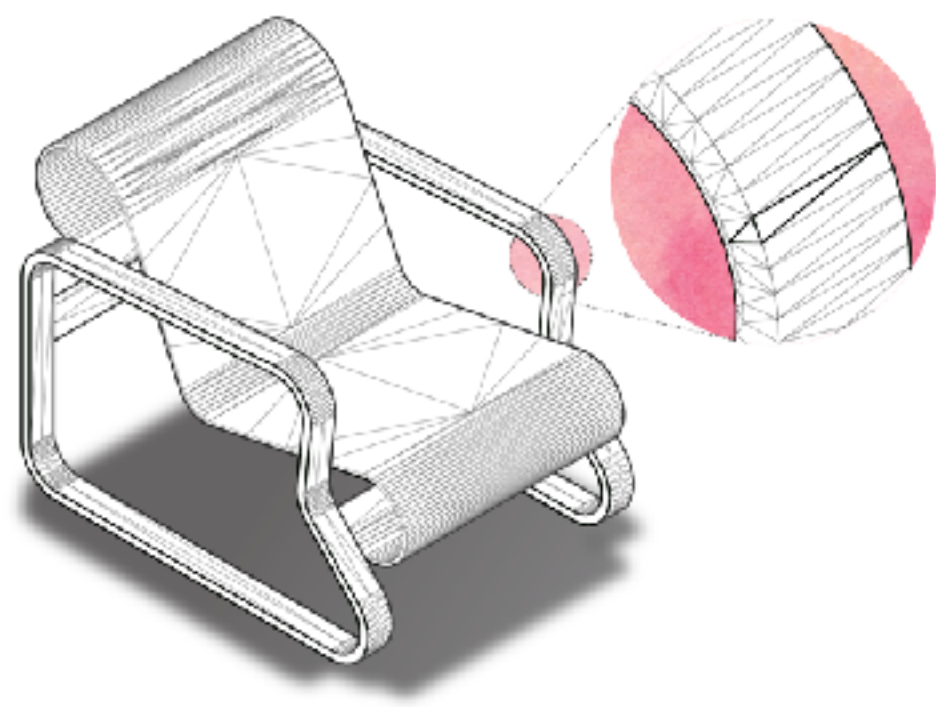


Meshes are the industry standard

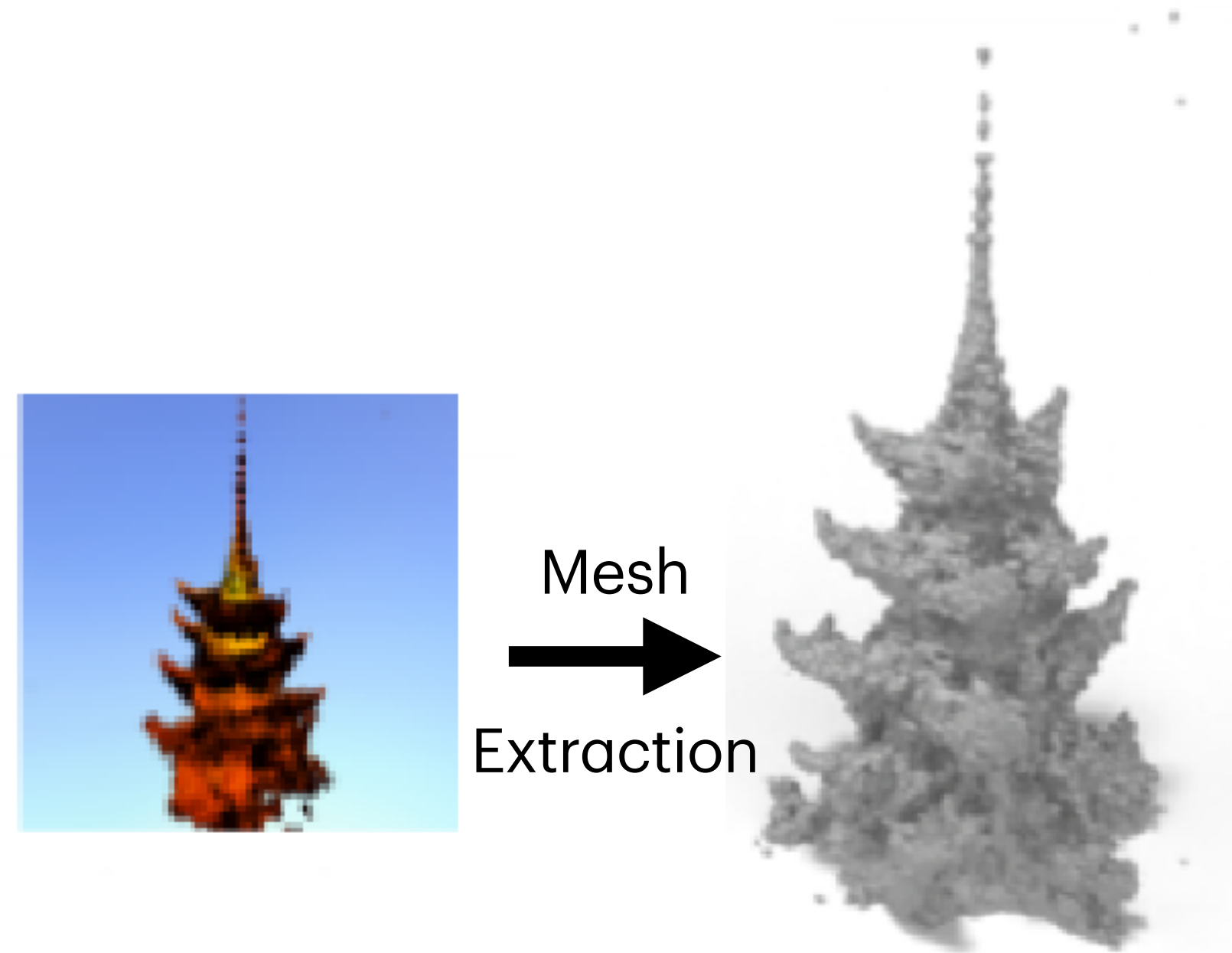
Entire graphics pipeline is built around meshes!

3D content creation by editing meshes!

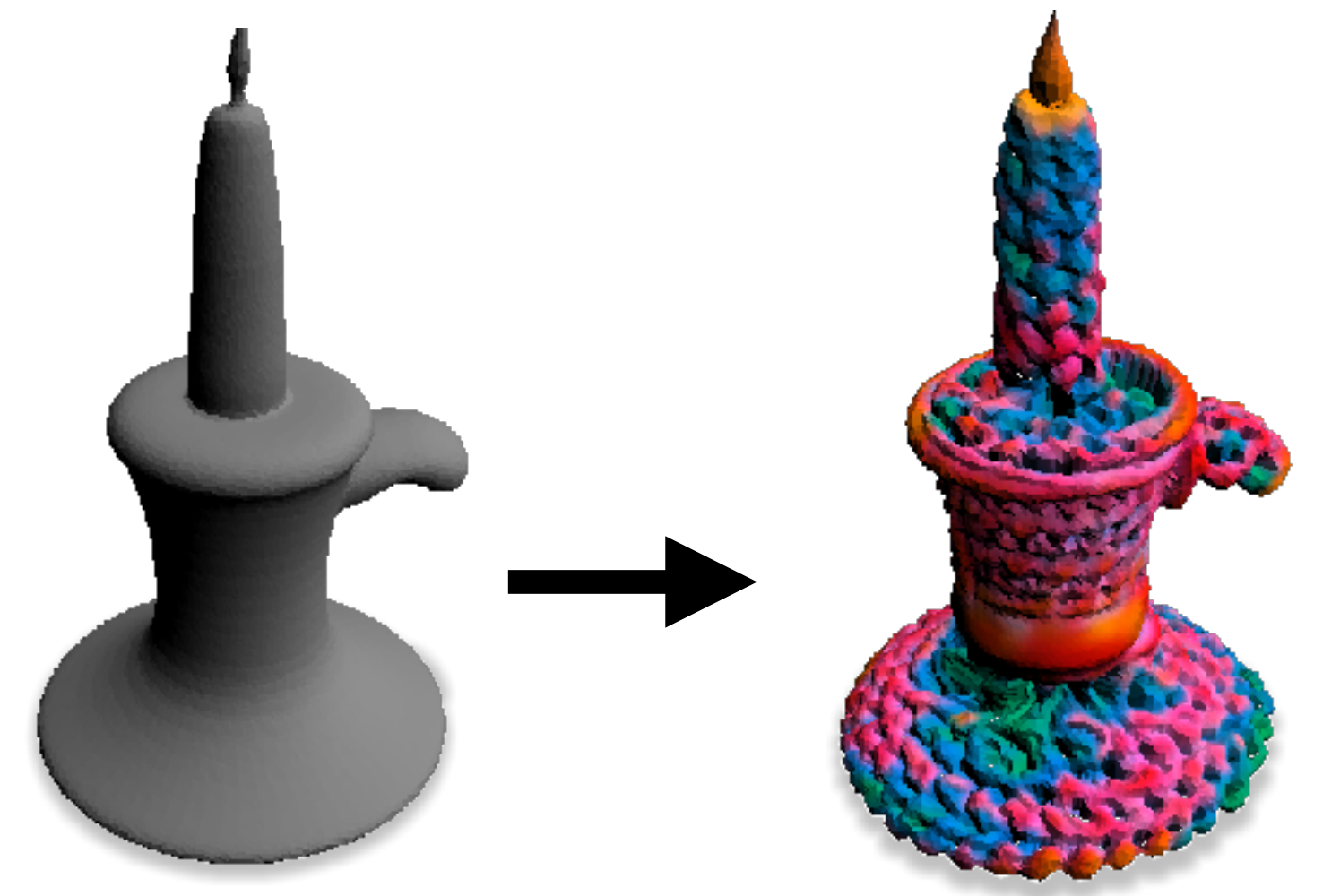
(as opposed to NeRFs) Because:



**Meshes accurately represent
sharp features topology**



**Need to convert to a mesh
NeRF → Mesh isn't easy**



Text2Mesh [CVPR 2022]

Provides user/artist control

Where do we get the 3D datasets from?

Deep learning models are data-hungry!

Supervised or unsupervised datasets

Large unsupervised datasets still requires curation!

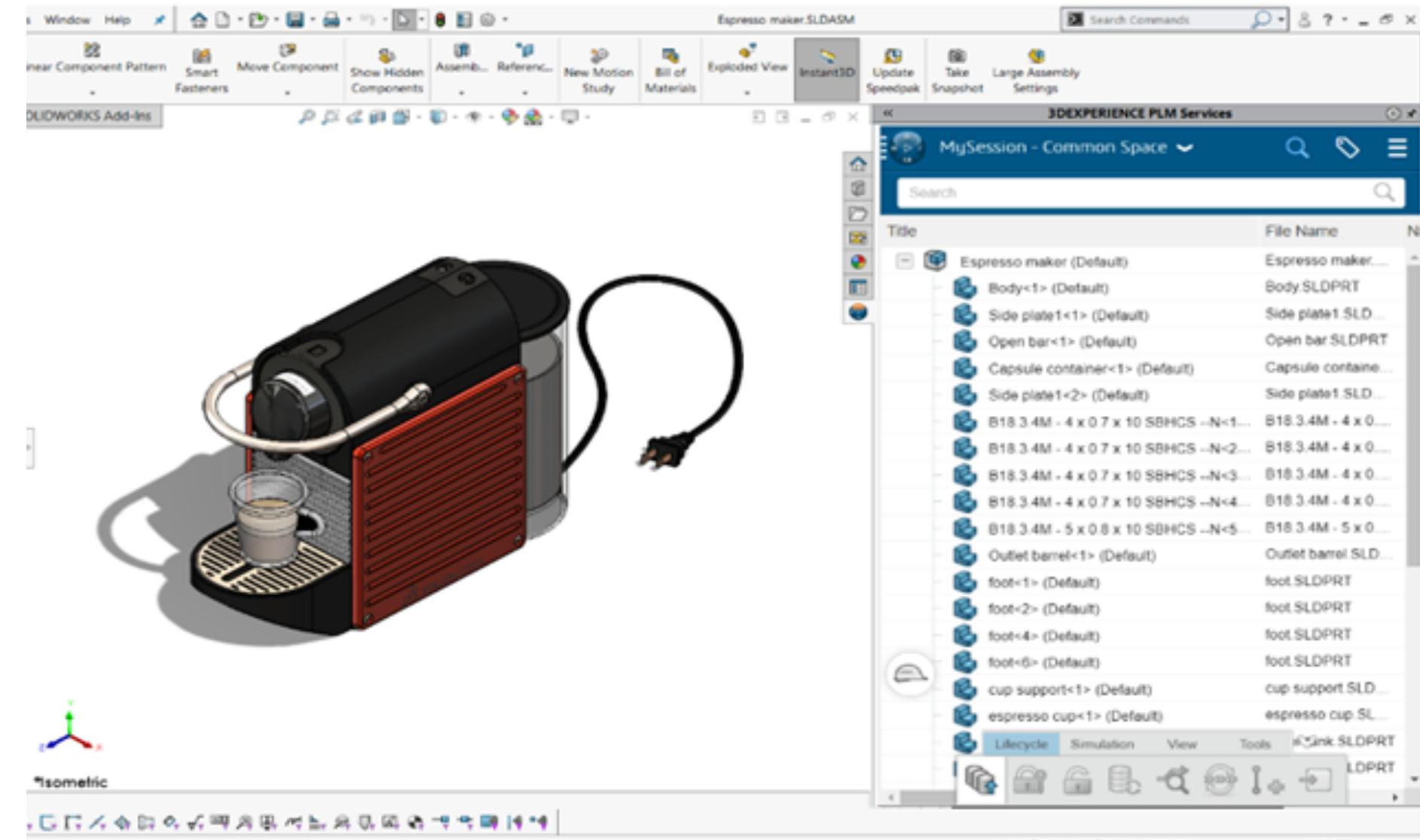


Difficult to obtain big 3D training datasets

Difficult to create 3D Data

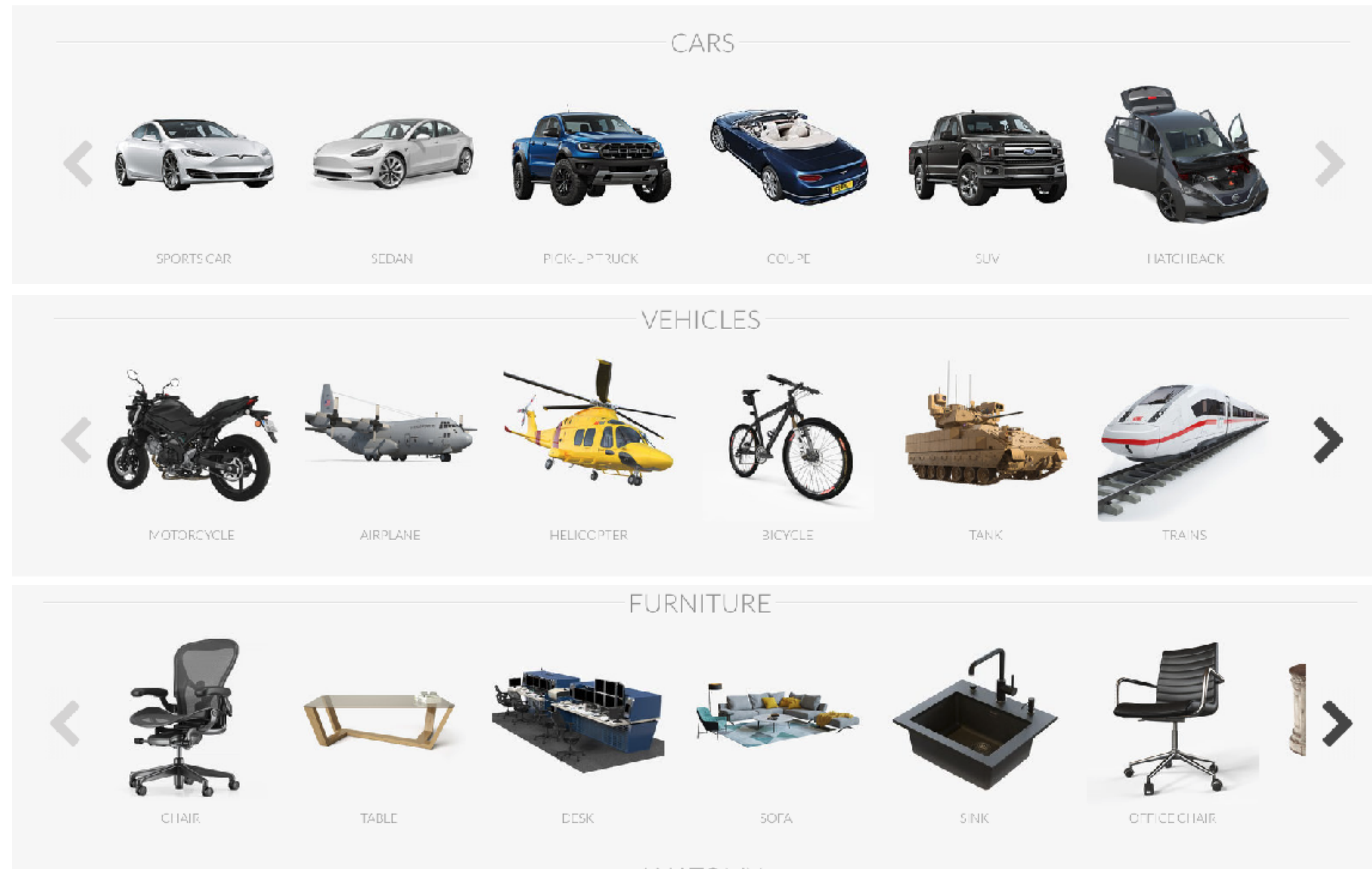


Blender

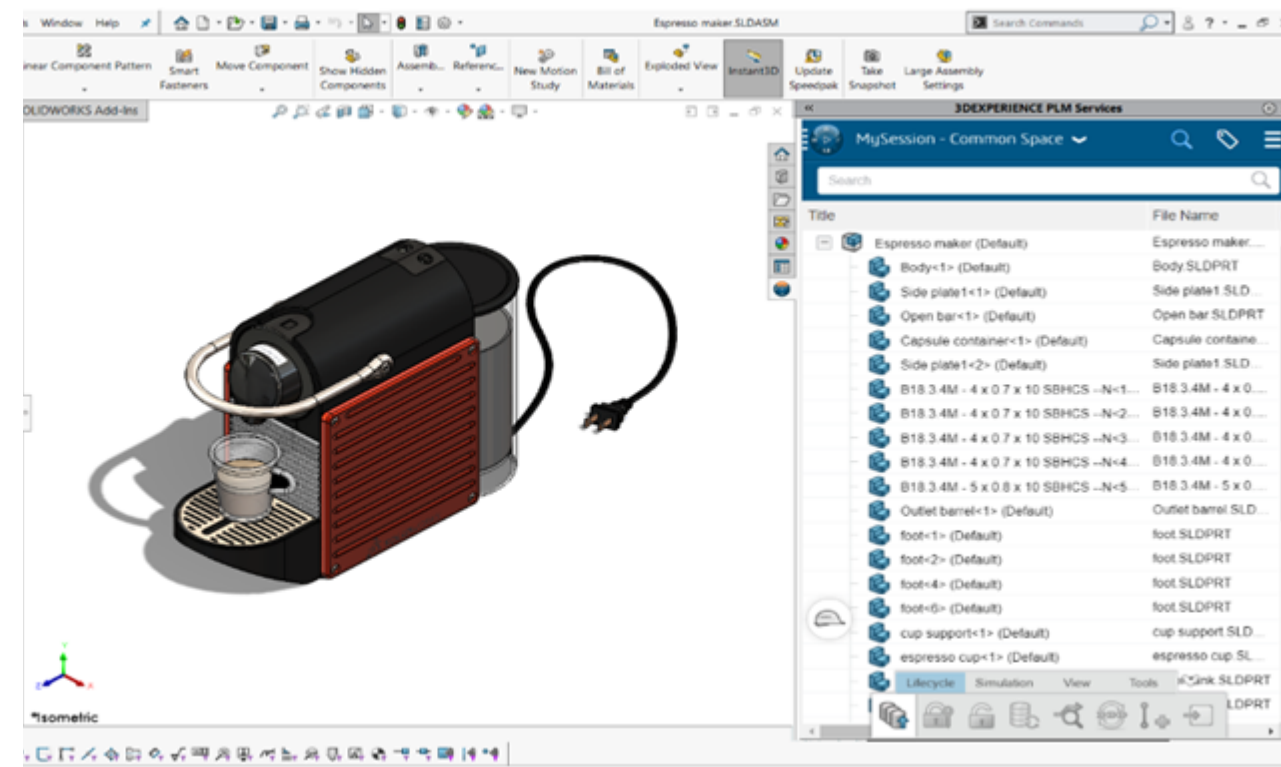


SolidWorks

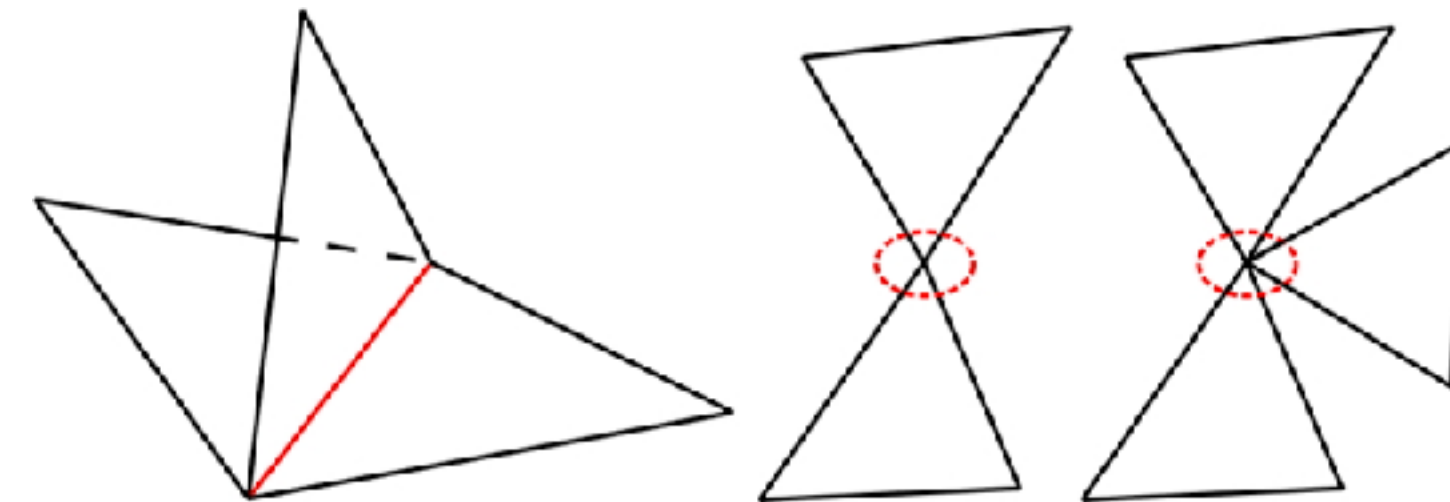
High visual quality \neq compatible for geometric computation



Big 3D data challenges

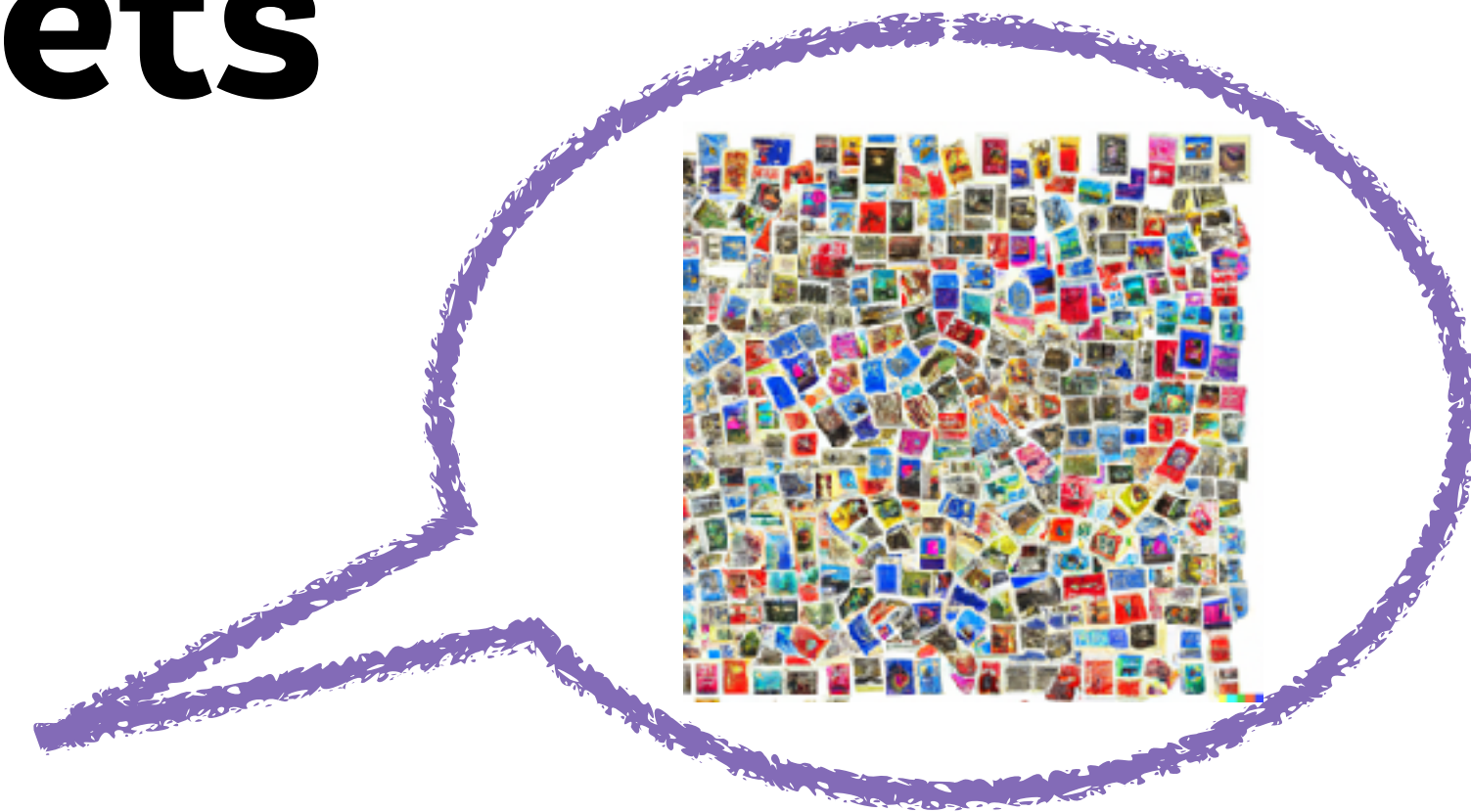


Time-consuming to create



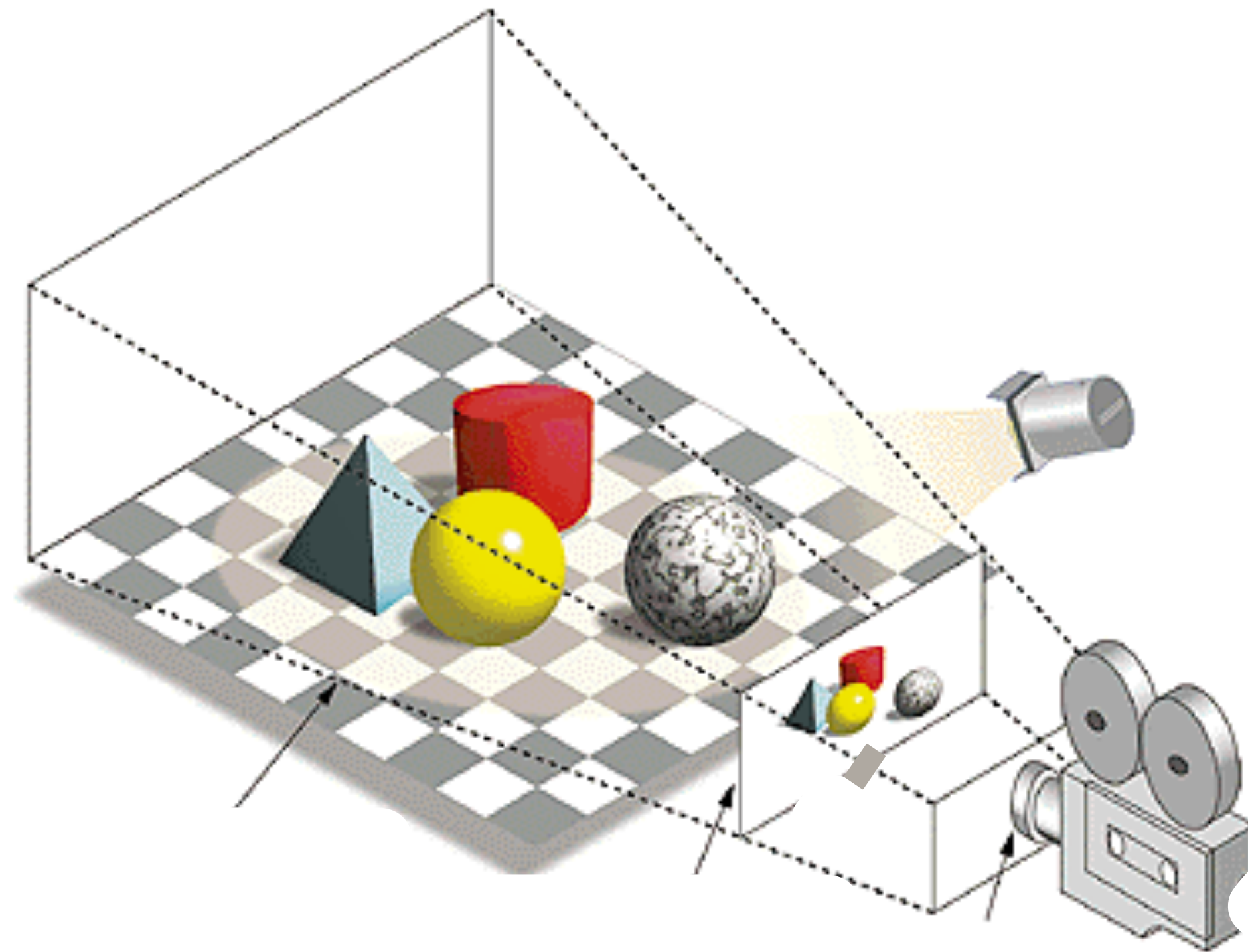
High-bar for geometric computation

Moving beyond relying on large 3D datasets



Pre-trained 2D models

Leveraging pre-trained 2D models to learn in 3D



Connecting 2D to 3D via rendering

Take advantage of big 2D datasets

Images are how we perceive the 3D shape



Neural Mesh Editing

without 3D data!



Stylization

Text2Mesh [CVPR 2022]



Localization

3D Highlighter [CVPR 2023]
3D Paintbrush [CVPR 2024]



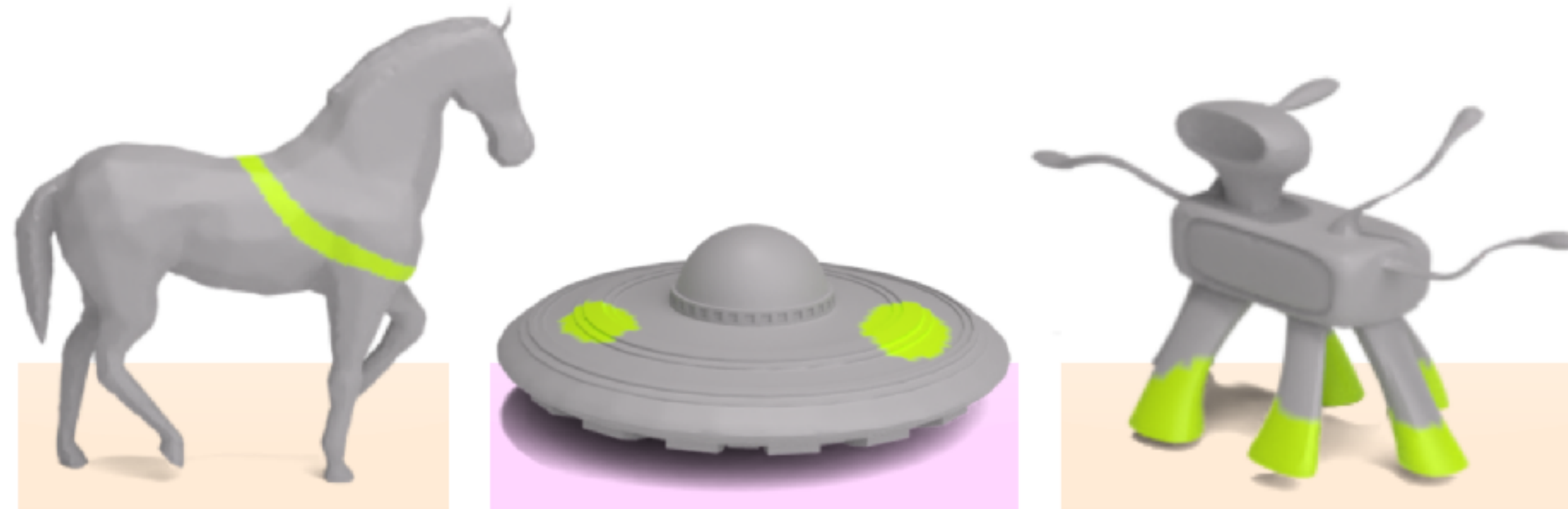
Deformation

TextDeformer [SIGGRAPH 2023]
MeshUp [3DV 2025]
Geometry in Style [CVPR 2025]



Segmentation

iSeg [SIGGRAPH Asia 2024]



Pre-trained image models for localization

3D Highlighter: Localizing Regions on 3D Shapes via Text Descriptions [CVPR 2023]



Dale Decatur



Itai Lang

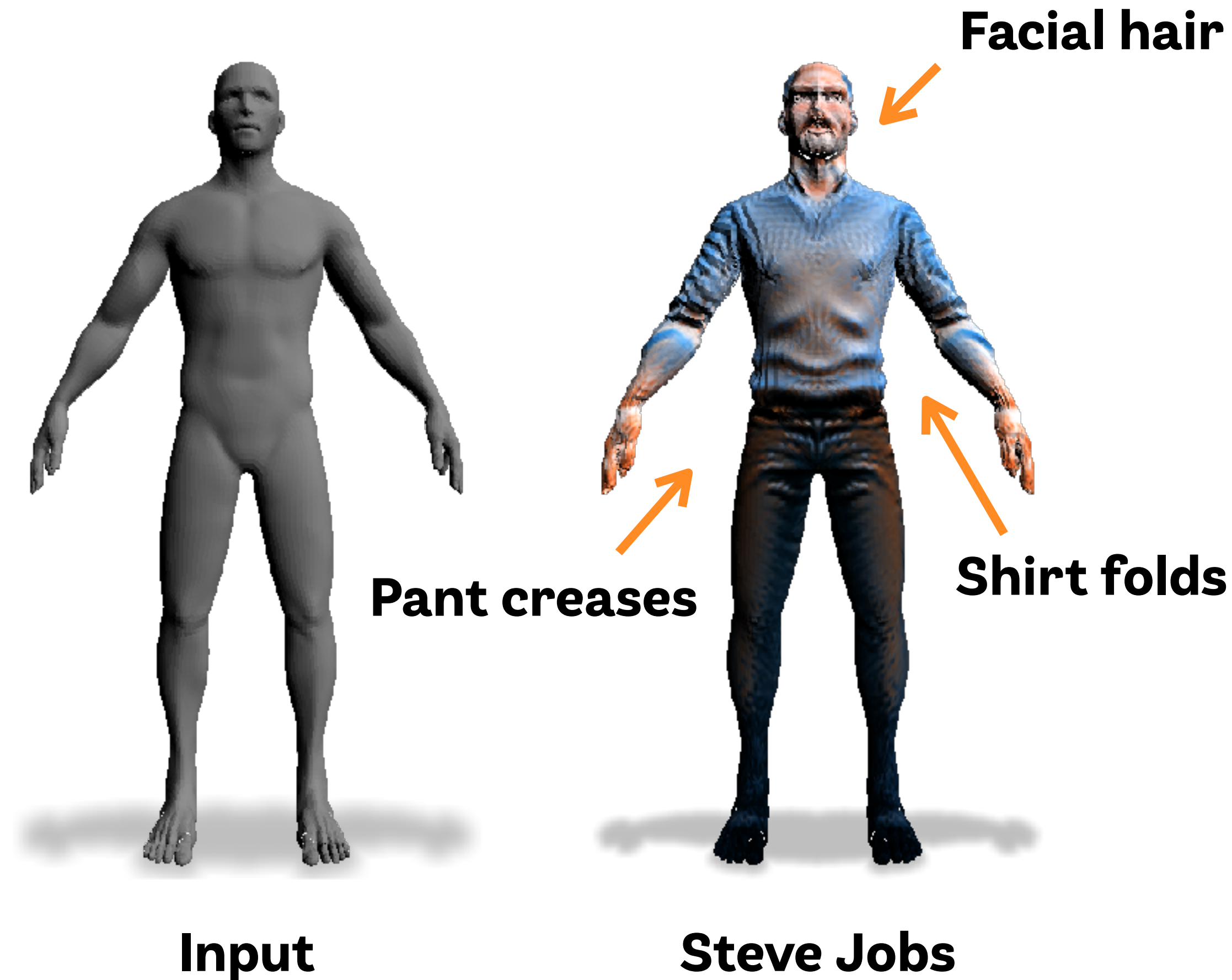


Rana Hanocka

Result from our prior work: Text2Mesh

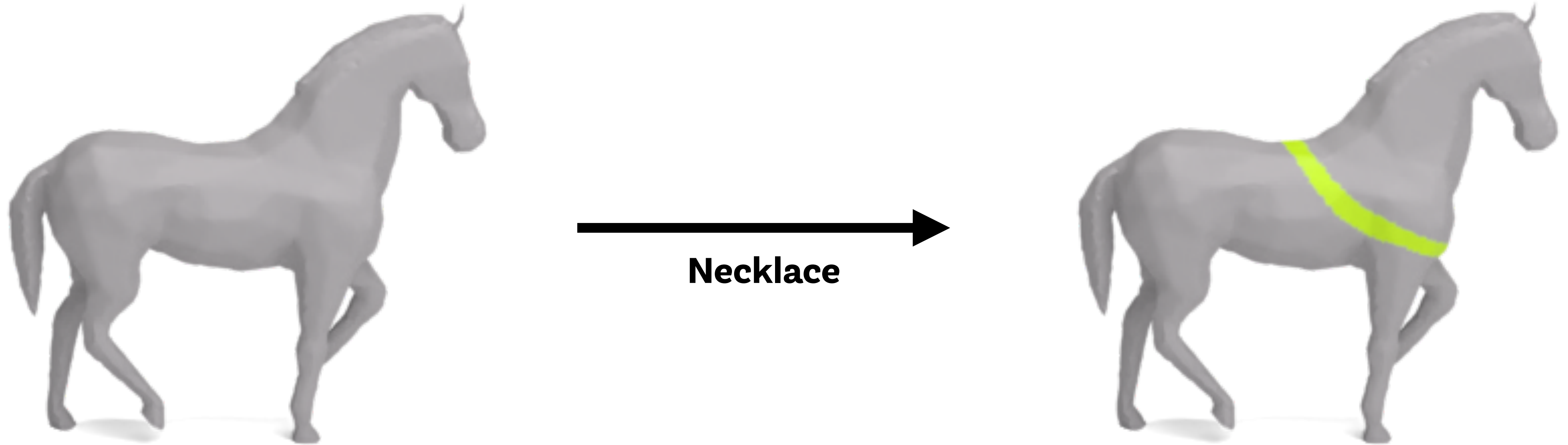
Key question: can we extract the underlying analysis inherent in the synthesis process?

No explicit segmentation, but can we tease it out?



Our 3D Highlighter localizes semantic regions on a shape

using text as input

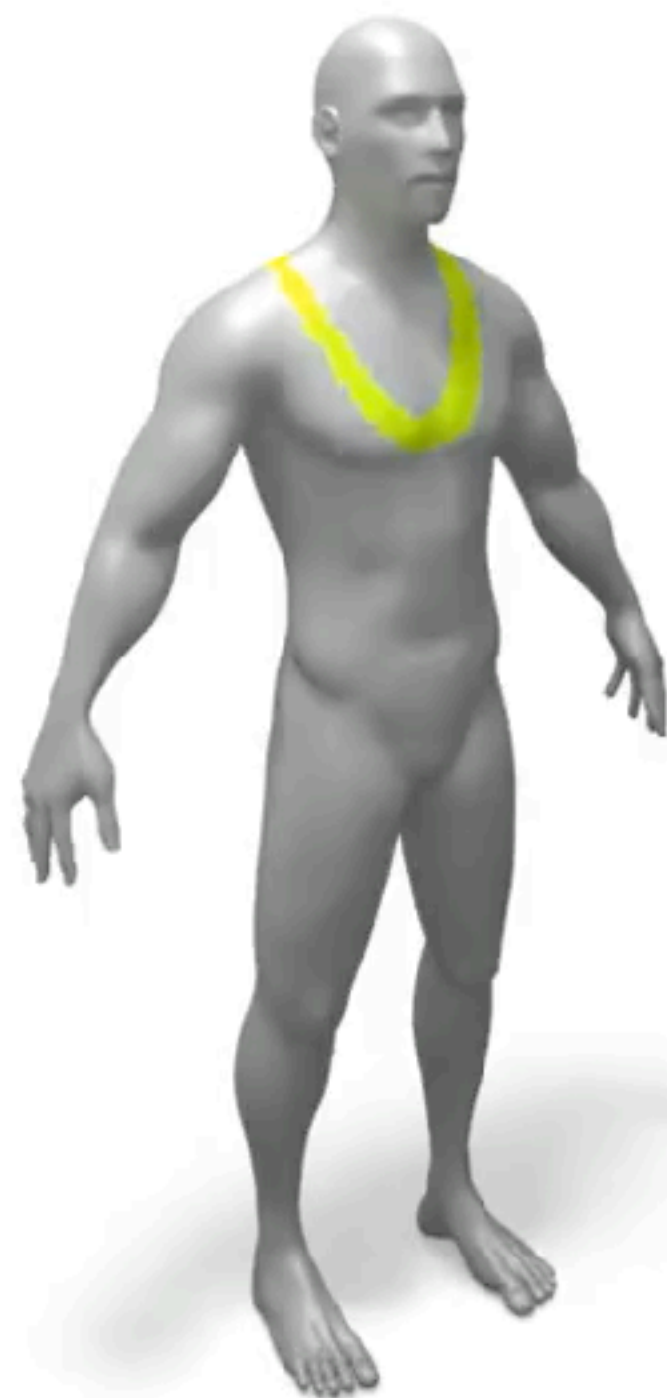


Our 3D Highlighter: provides the vertices that correspond to that region!

3D Highlighter reasons about where text-specified regions belong on a shape



Poncho



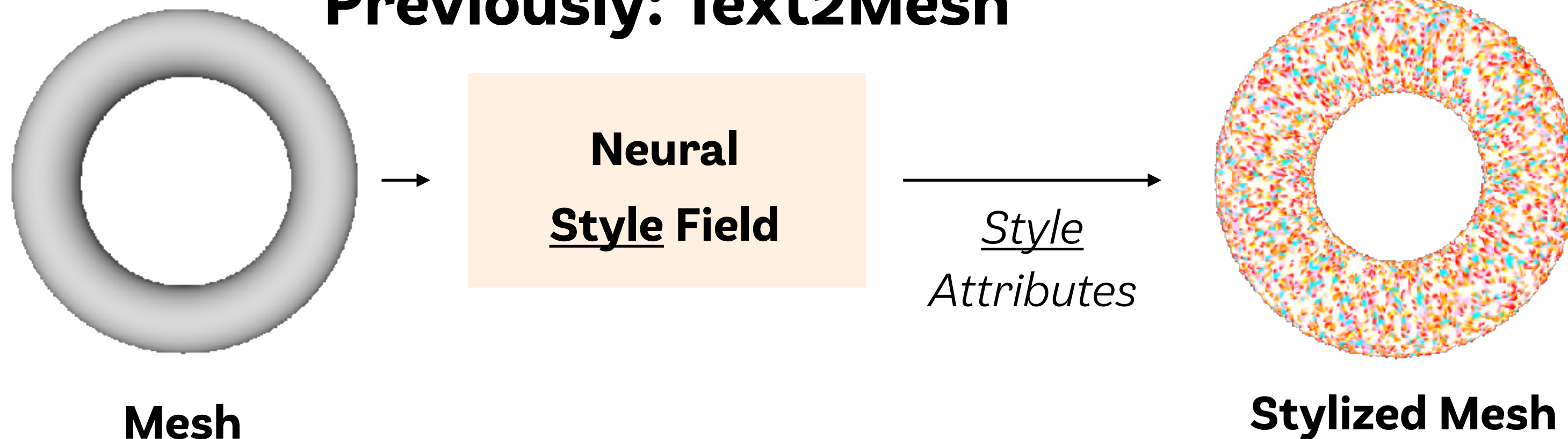
Necklace



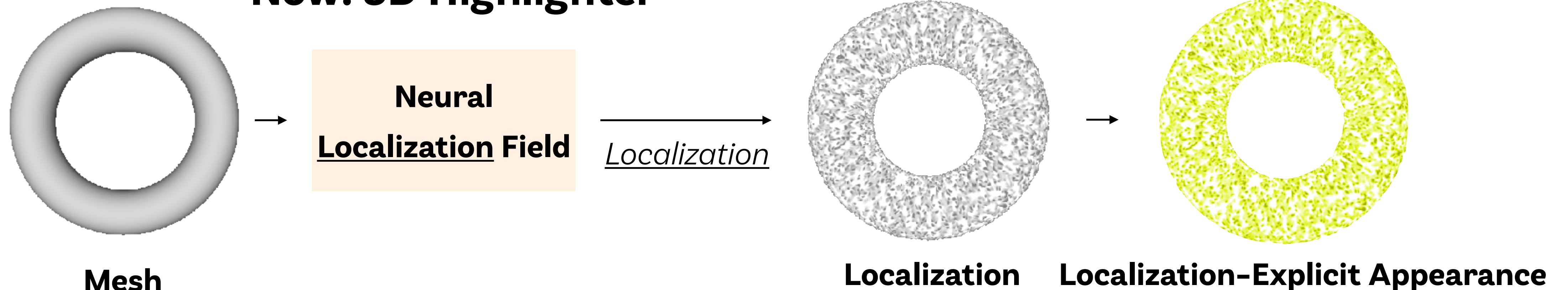
Headphones

Explicitly perform analysis & use for synthesis

Previously: Text2Mesh

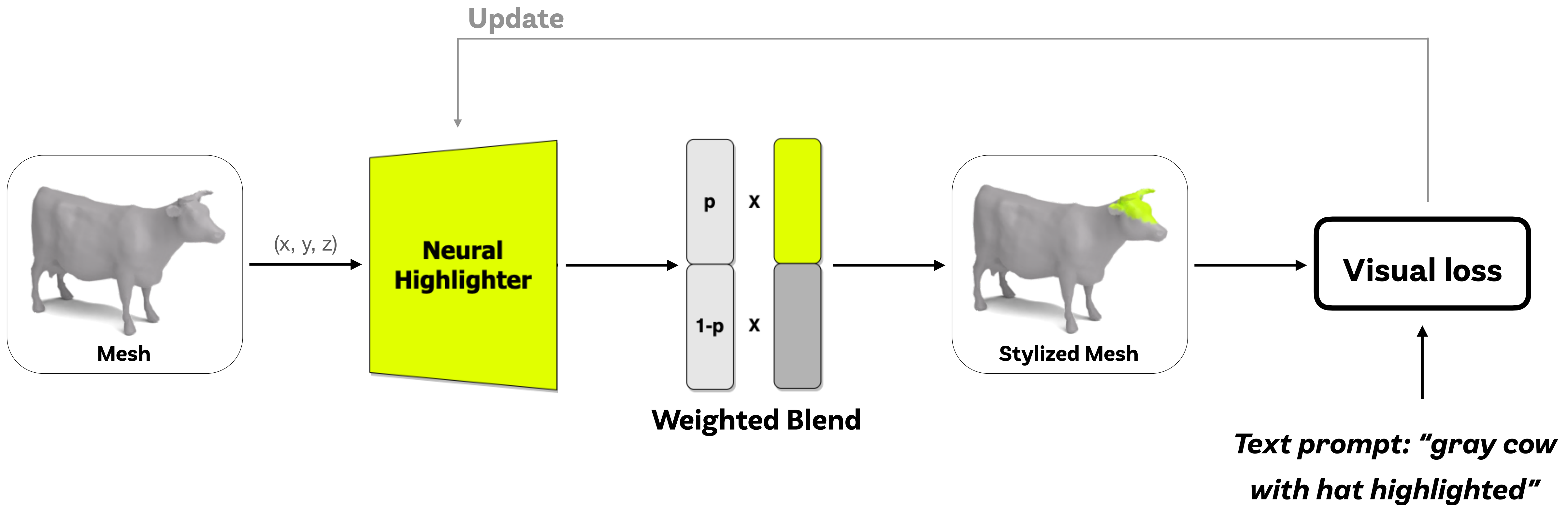


Now: 3D Highlighter



The gist of our neural highlighter

How to supervise?
- no 3D dataset!
- no pairs of text & 3D styles



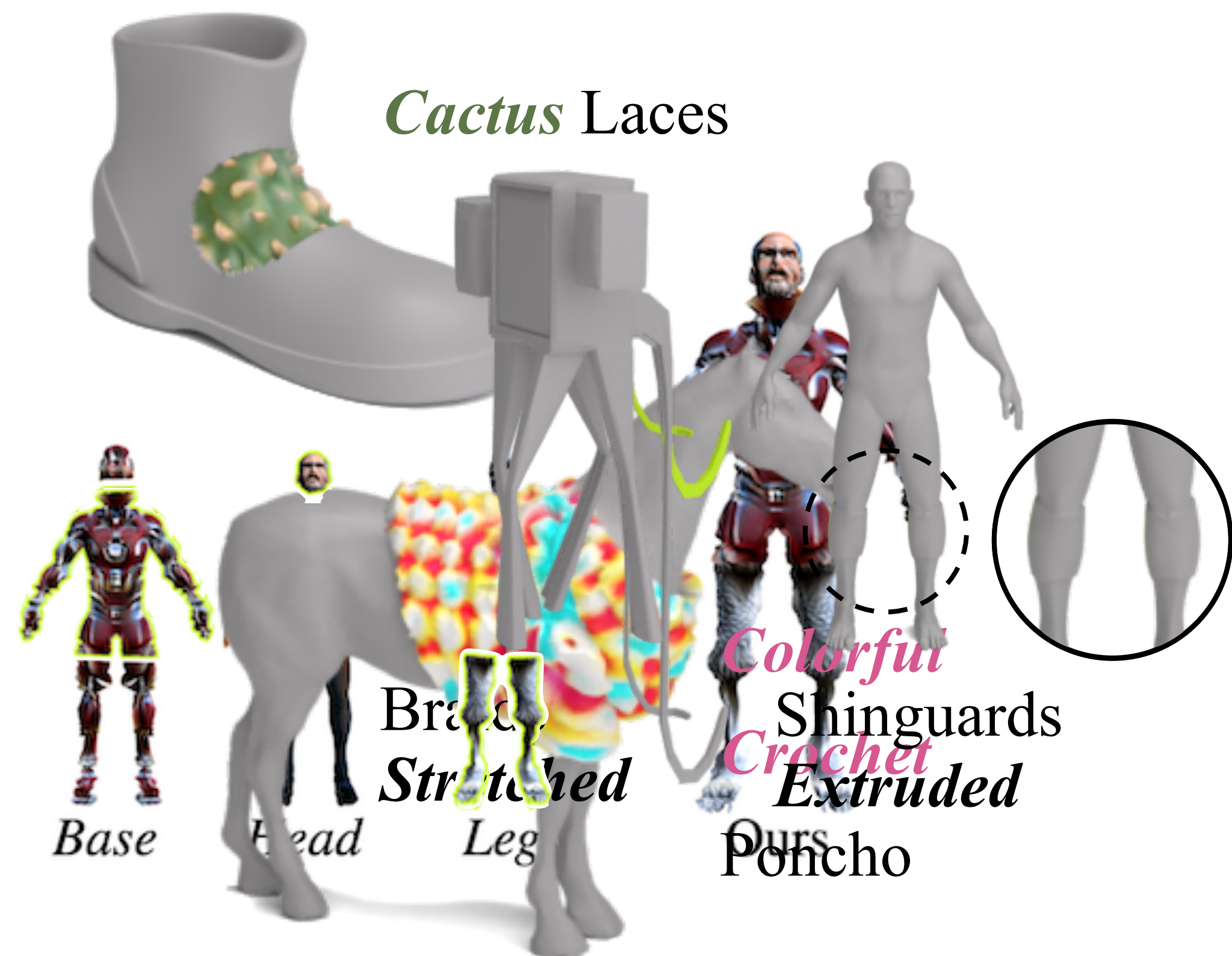
Supervise using 2D Renderings & CLIP
Spoiler from the future: diffusion (SDS) also works

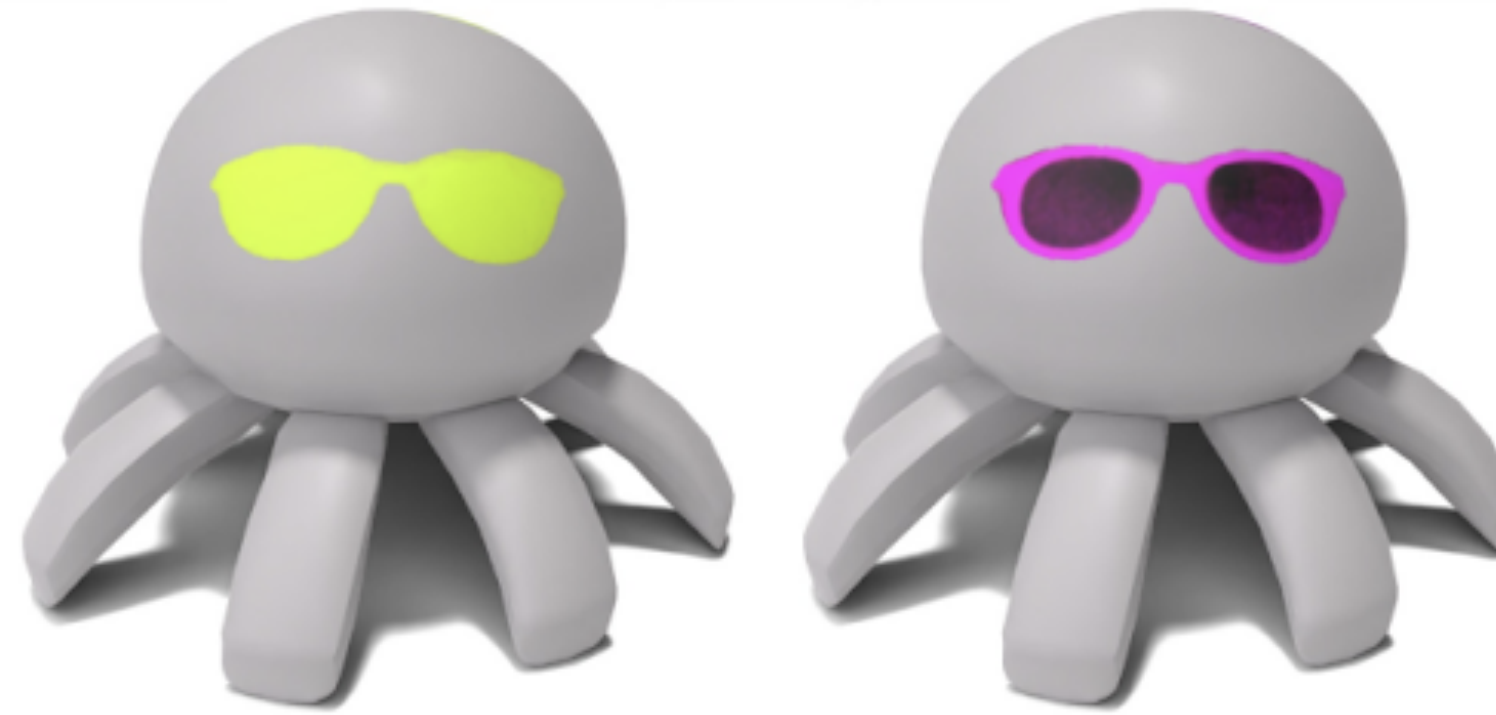
Using 3D Highlighter for Shape Editing

Localized editing

Controllable Compositionality

Geometric edits





Pre-trained image models for local texture edits

3D Paintbrush: Local Stylization of 3D Shapes with Cascaded Score Distillation [CVPR 2024]



Dale Decatur



Itai Lang



Kfir Aberman



Rana Hanocka

Idea: we can synthesizing textures in tandem with localization

... and get better / more fine-grained localizations as a result!



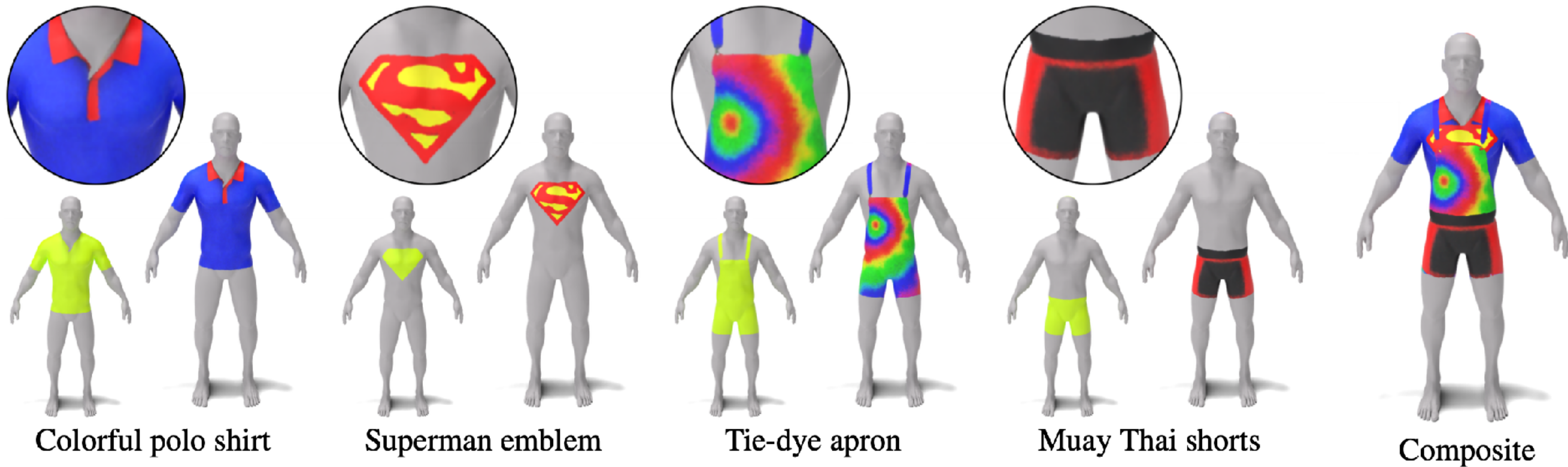
Text prompt: "Gold chain necklace"

Synthesizing local texture regions

Heart-shaped sunglasses

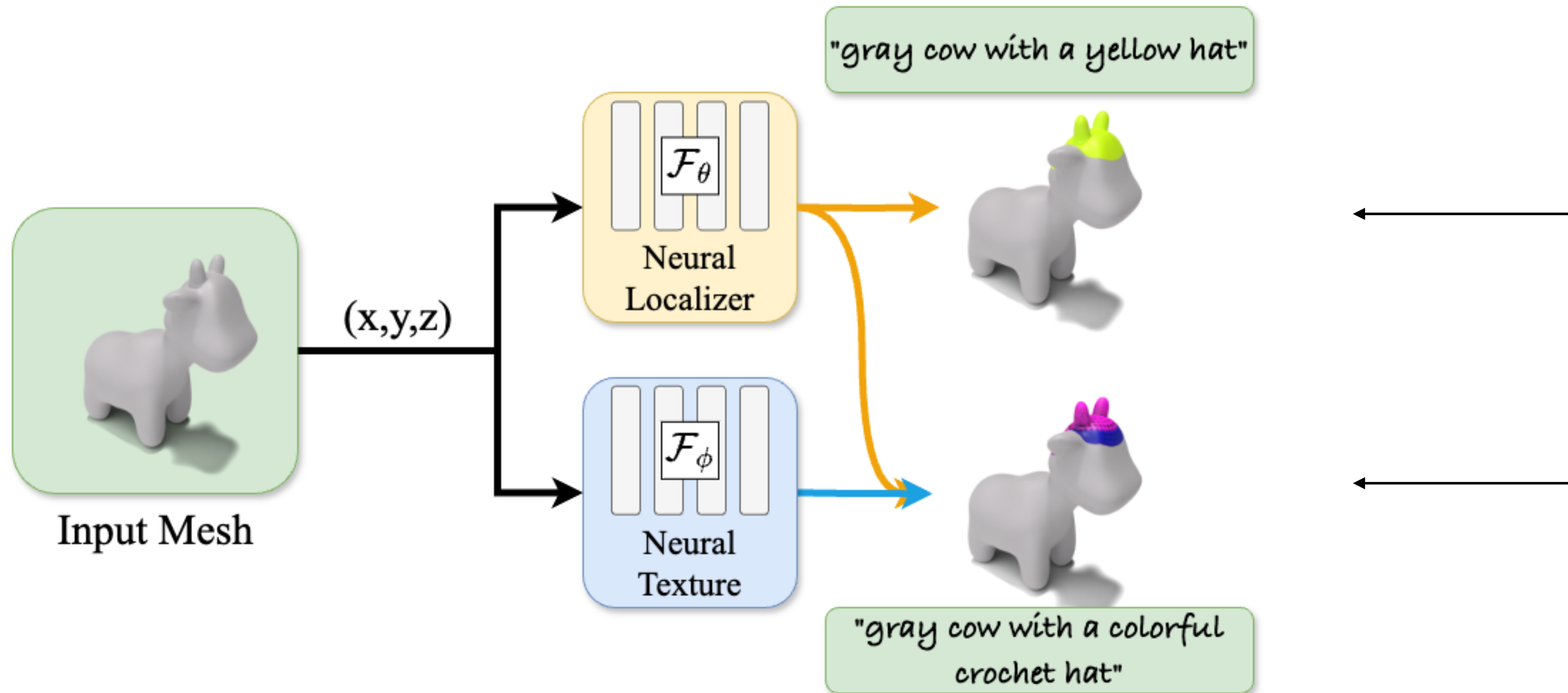


Precise composition of multiple local textures

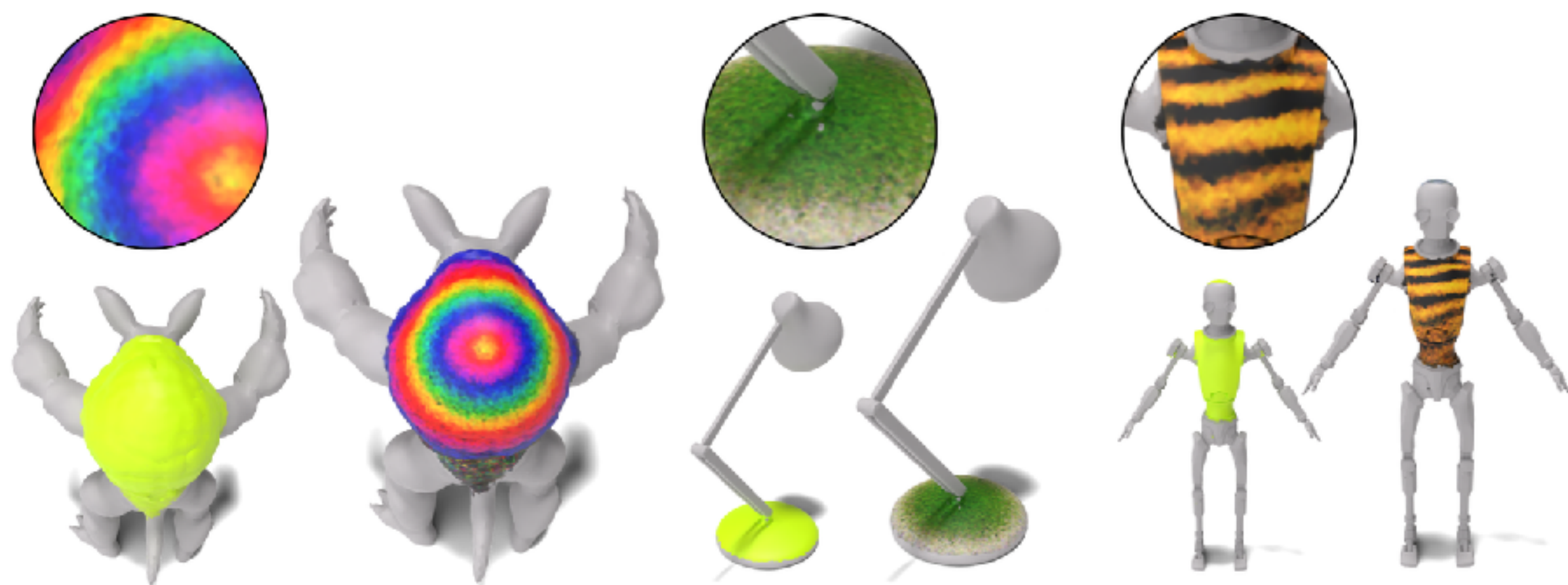


Explicit fine-grained segmentation masks offer additional level of control

Gist of 3D Paintbrush

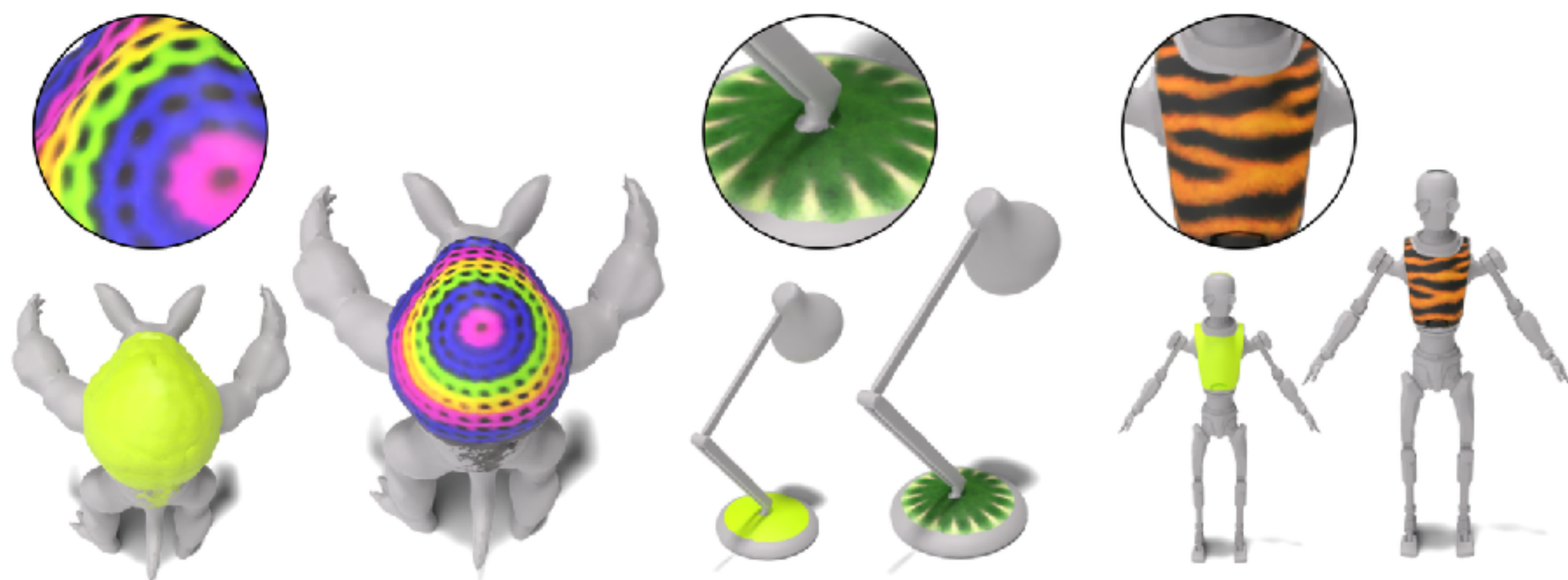


Cascaded Score Distillation (CSD)



SDS

Existing methods use SDS – the first stage of cascaded model



CSD

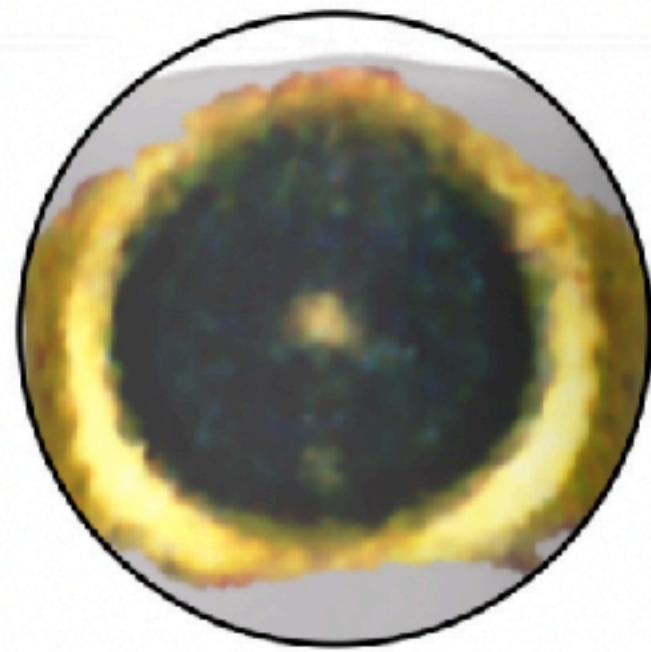
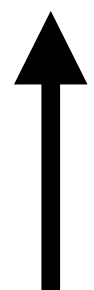
CSD: Leverage multiple stages of a cascaded diffusion model

The effect of different diffusion stages

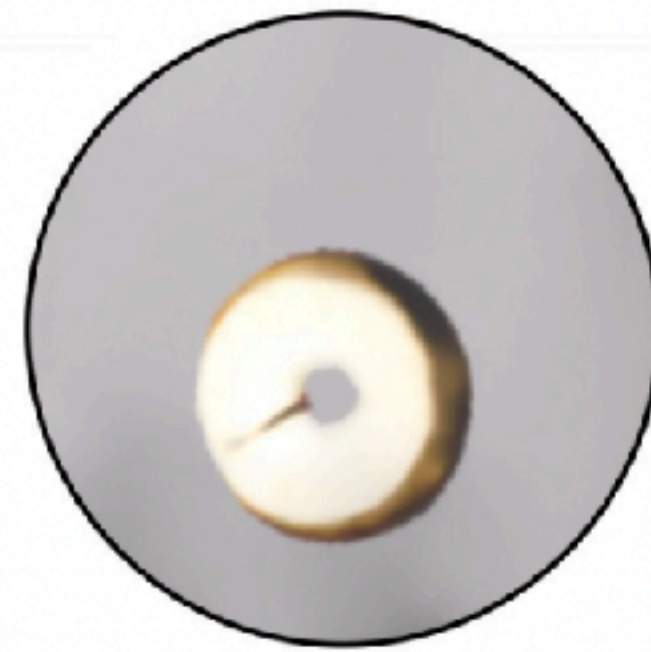
Text prompt: "Fancy gold watch"



Only stage 1



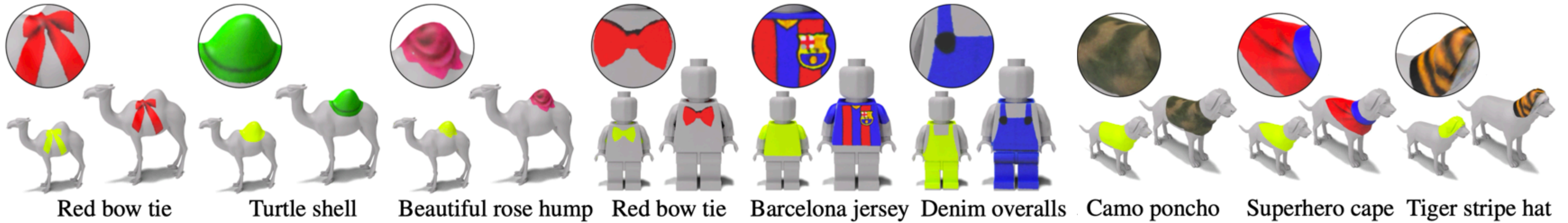
Only stage 2



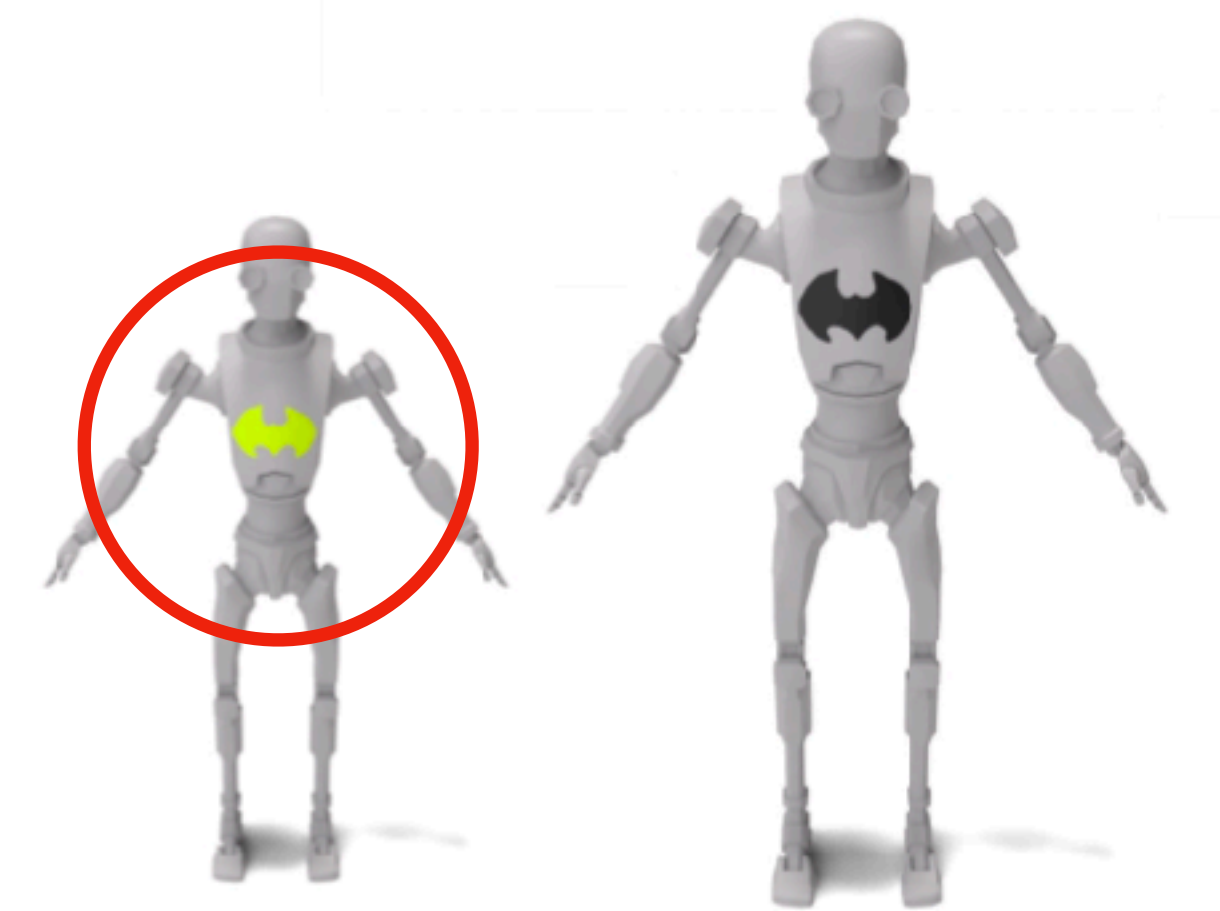
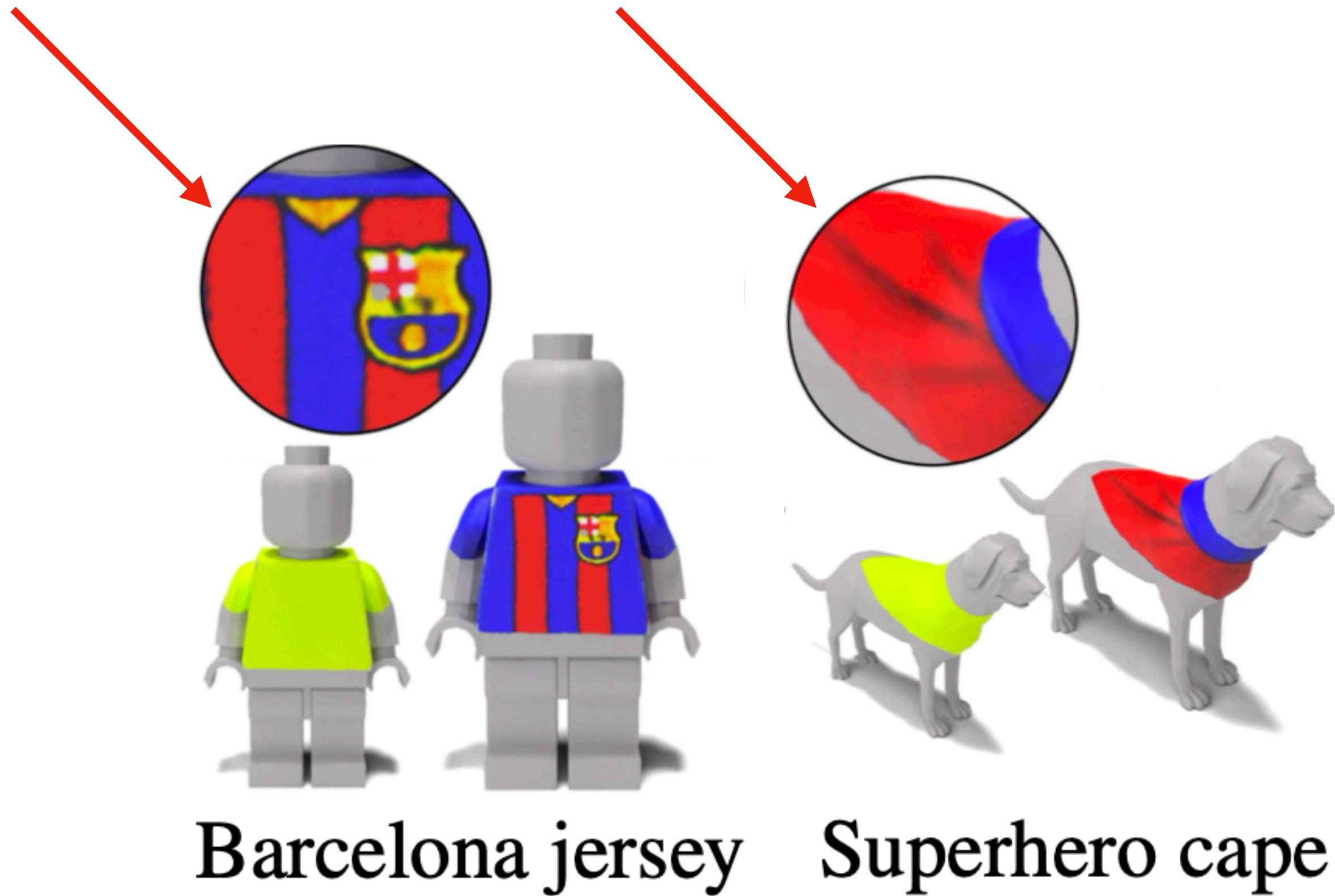
CSD



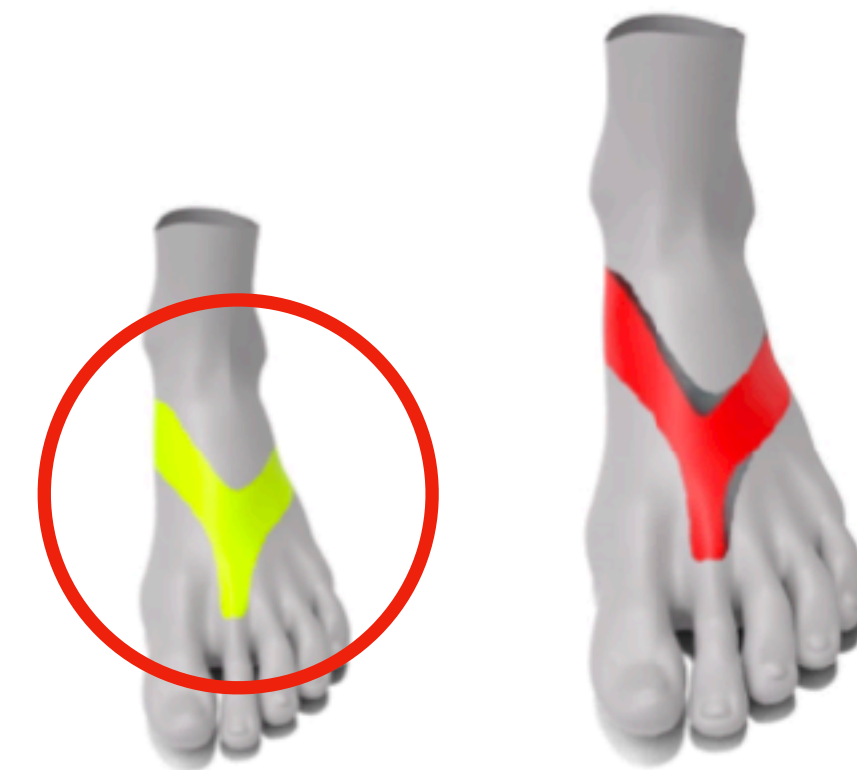
3D Paintbrush assorted results



3D Paintbrush Results



Batman emblem



Red flip flops

Text-driven localization summary

- Extract the underlying analysis inherent in the synthesis process
- Explicit and fine-grained segmentation masks give additional control
- Exploit pre-trained 2D foundation for segmentation in 3D





Neural Mesh Editing

without 3D data!



Stylization

Text2Mesh [CVPR 2022]



Localization

3D Highlighter [CVPR 2023]
3D Paintbrush [CVPR 2024]



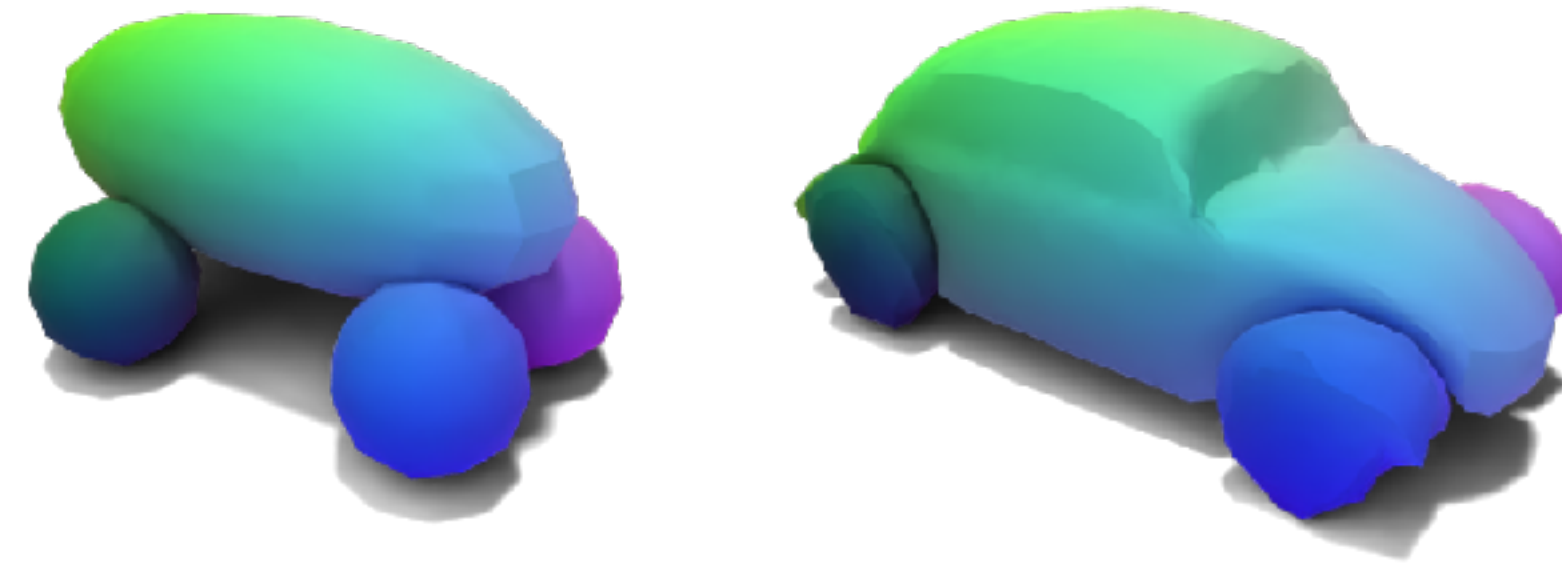
Deformation

TextDeformer [SIGGRAPH 2023]
MeshUp [3DV 2025]
Geometry in Style [CVPR 2025]



Segmentation

iSeg [SIGGRAPH Asia 2024]



Pre-trained image models for deformation

MeshUp: Multi-Target Mesh Deformation via Blended Score Distillation [3DV 2025]



Hyunwoo Kim



Itai Lang



Noam Aigerman



Thibault Groueix



Vladimir G. Kim



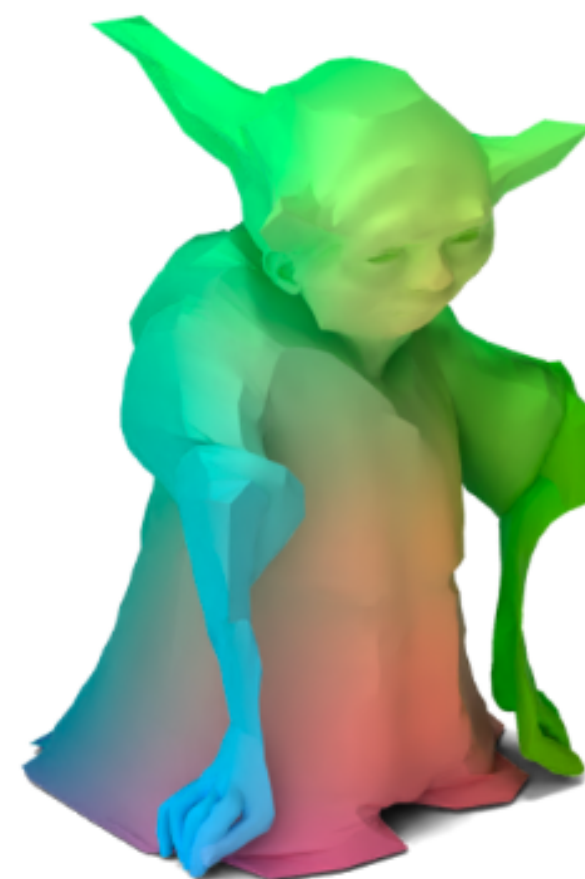
Rana Hanocka

Expressive deformations of meshes using text prompts

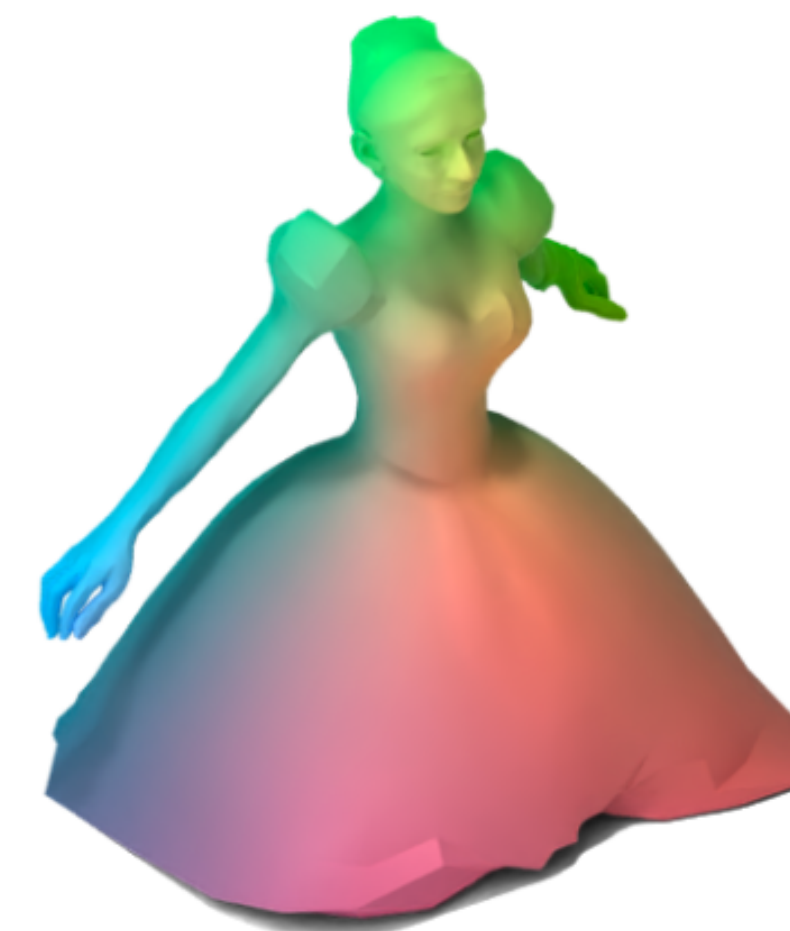
General deformation framework, capable of highly expressive mesh manipulations!



Input 3D object



Yoda

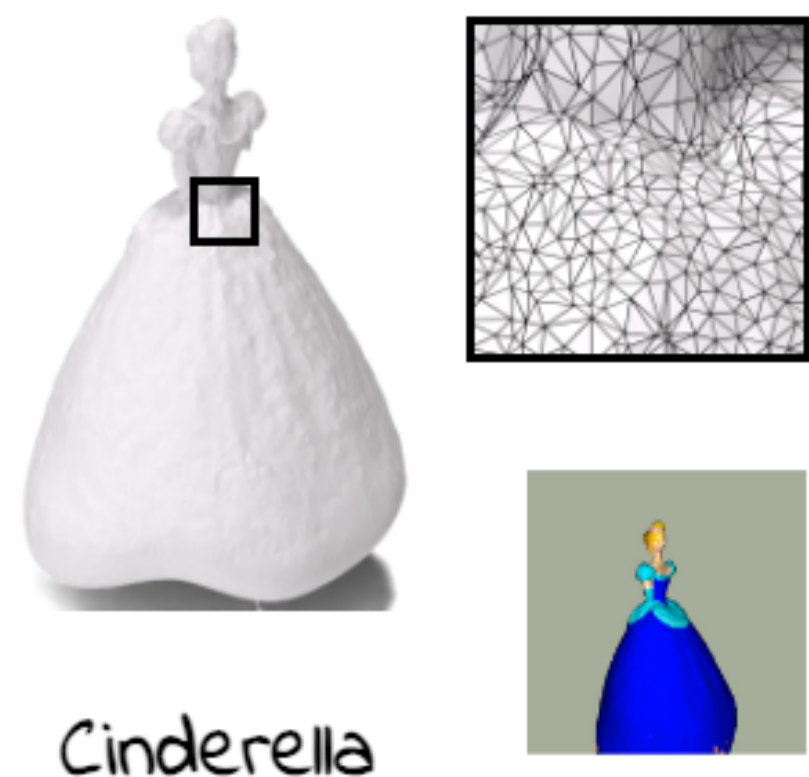


Cinderella

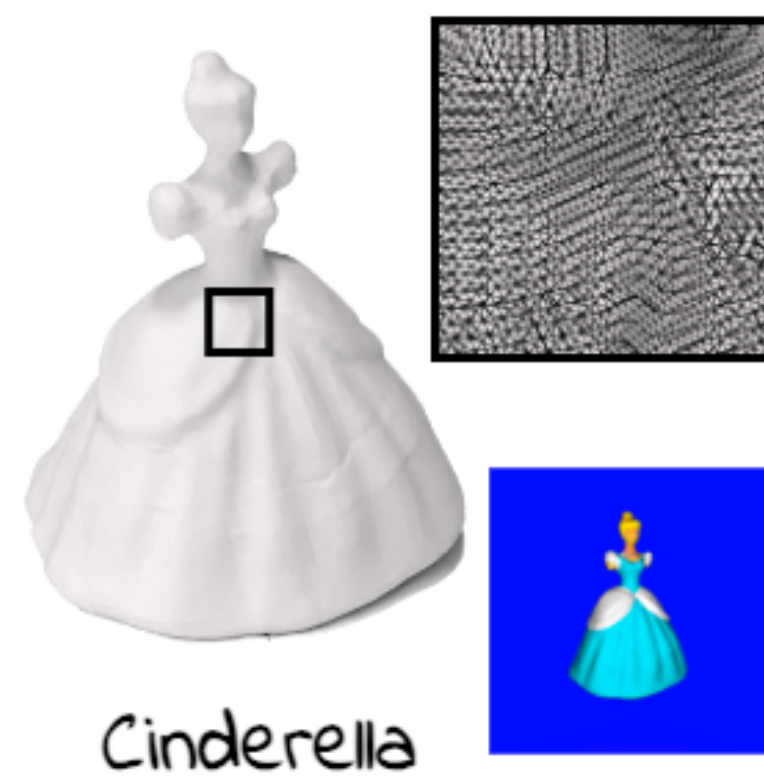
Compared to text-to-3D “from scratch” approaches

Renderings might look beautiful but extracting the underlying mesh in post-process often results in artifacts, floaters, missing parts, undesirable triangulation, etc

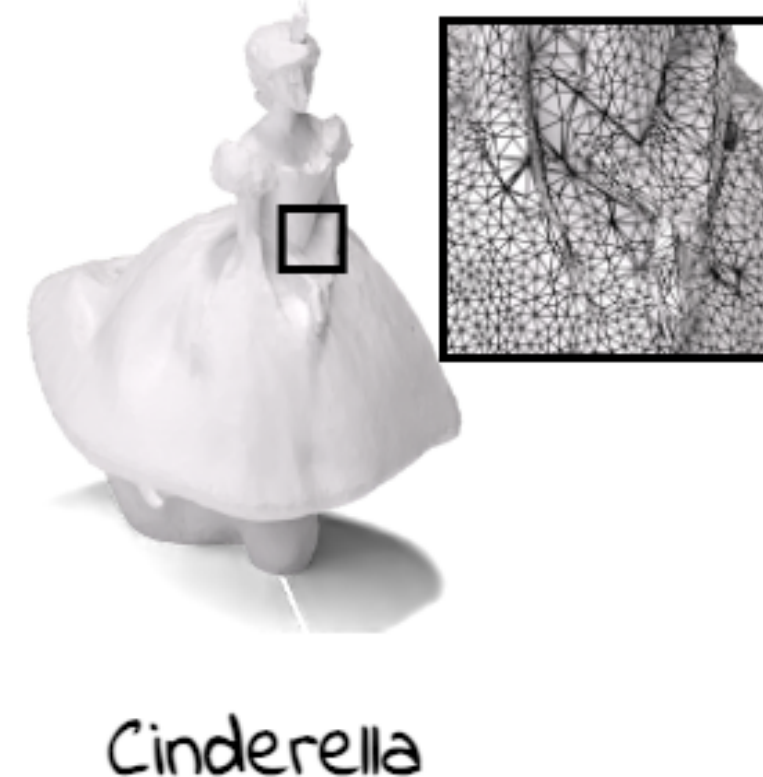
Magic3d



TextMesh



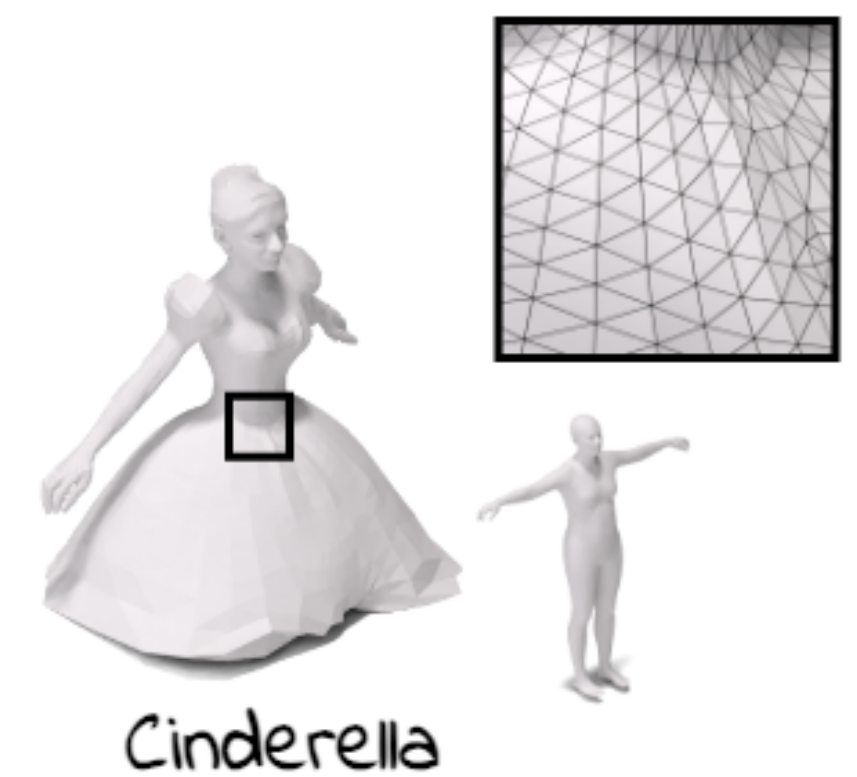
ProlificDreamer



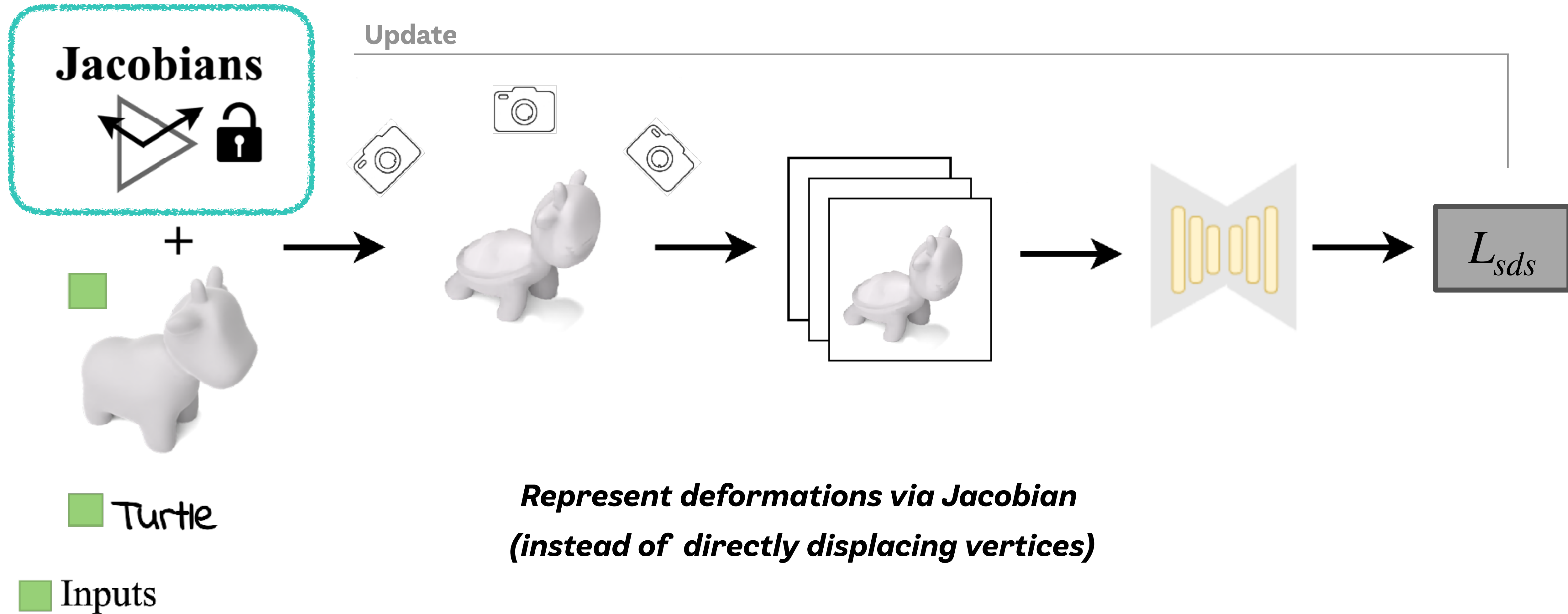
MVDream



Ours



Gist of MeshUp (single-target)

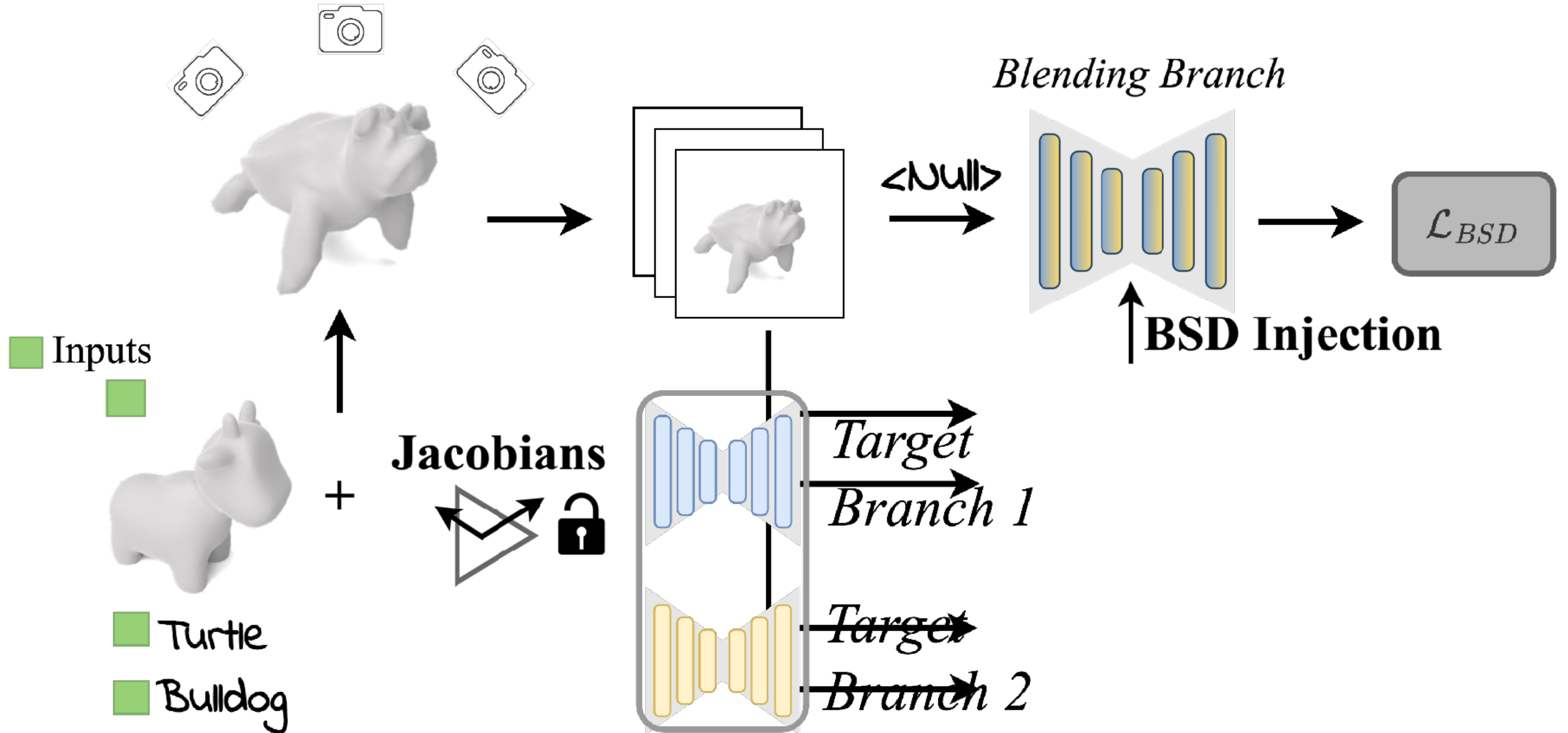


Mix deformation concepts

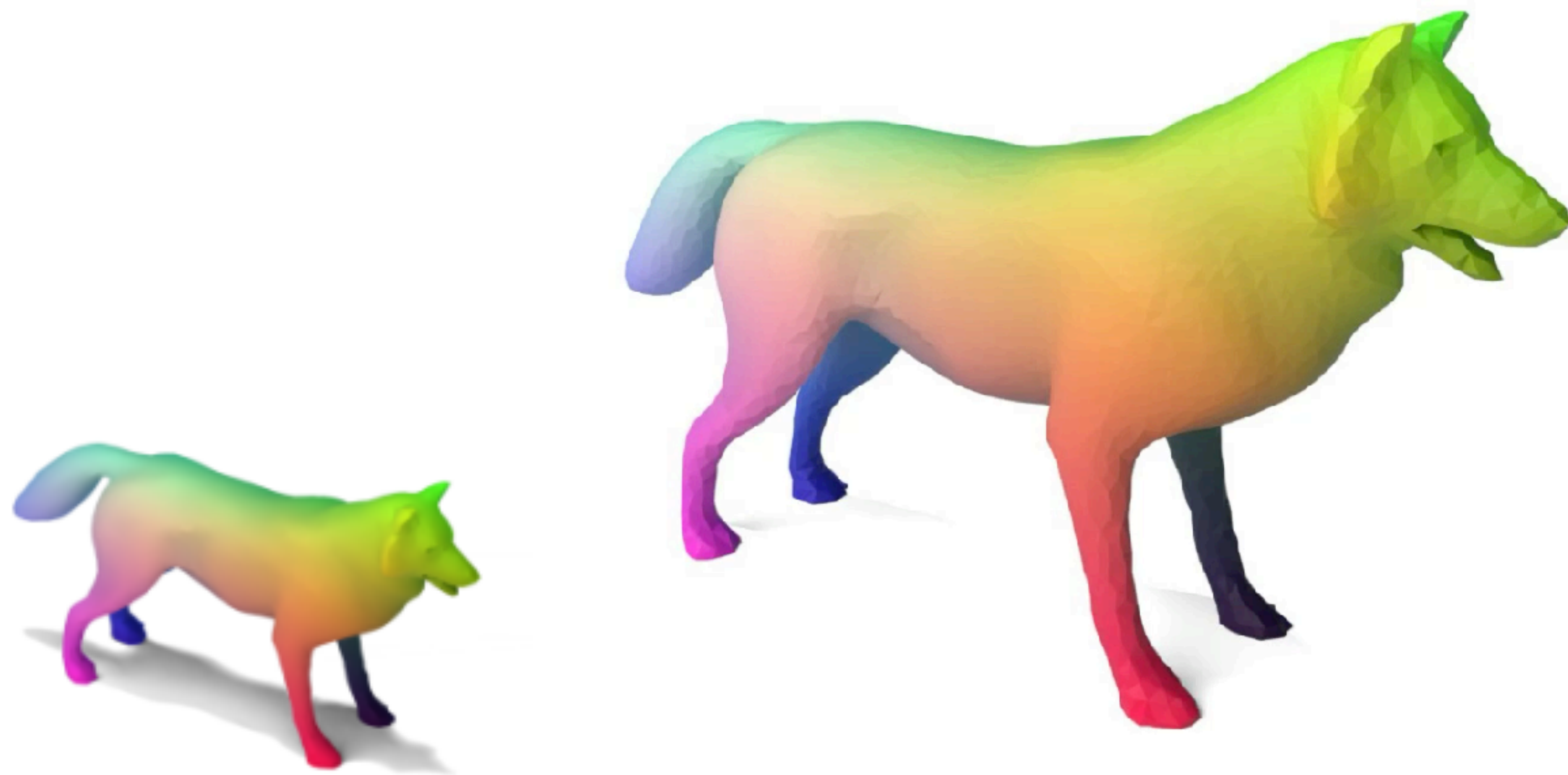


Input 3D object

Multi-target deformation pipeline

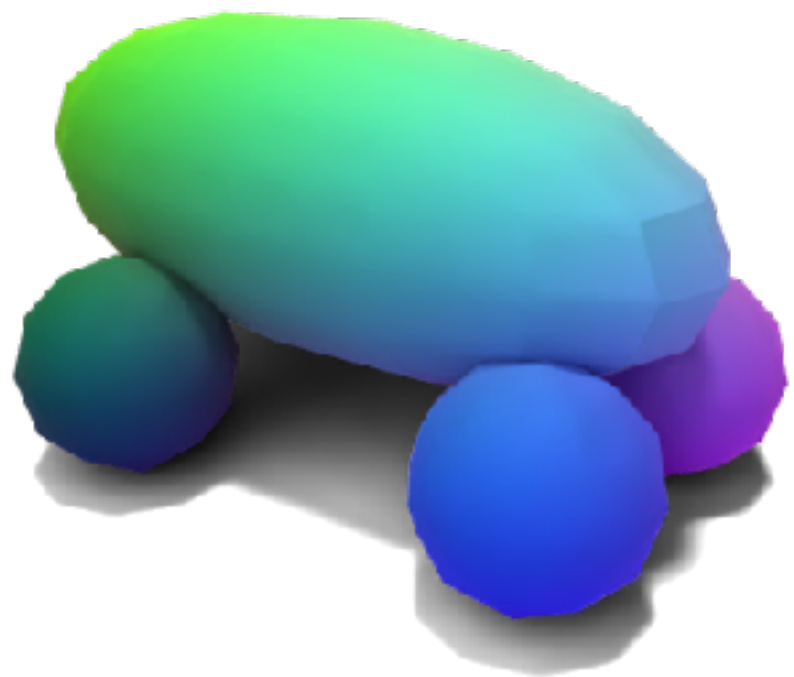


Local control over deformation

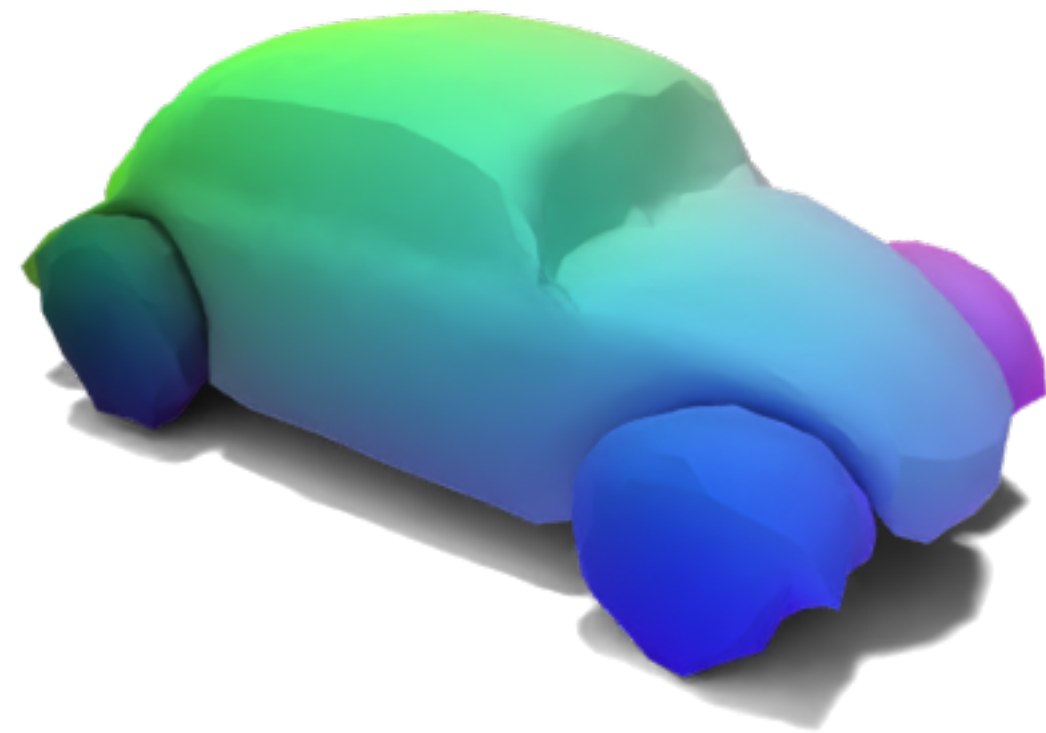


Input 3D object

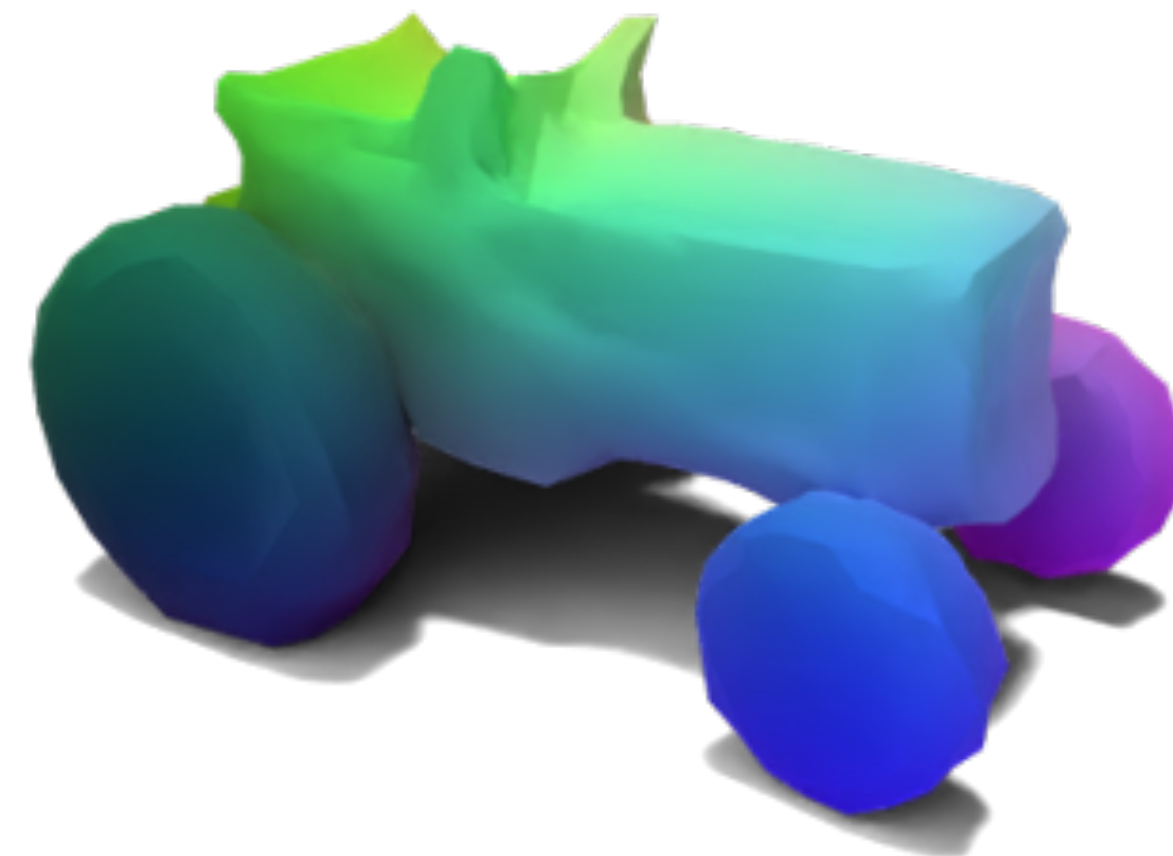
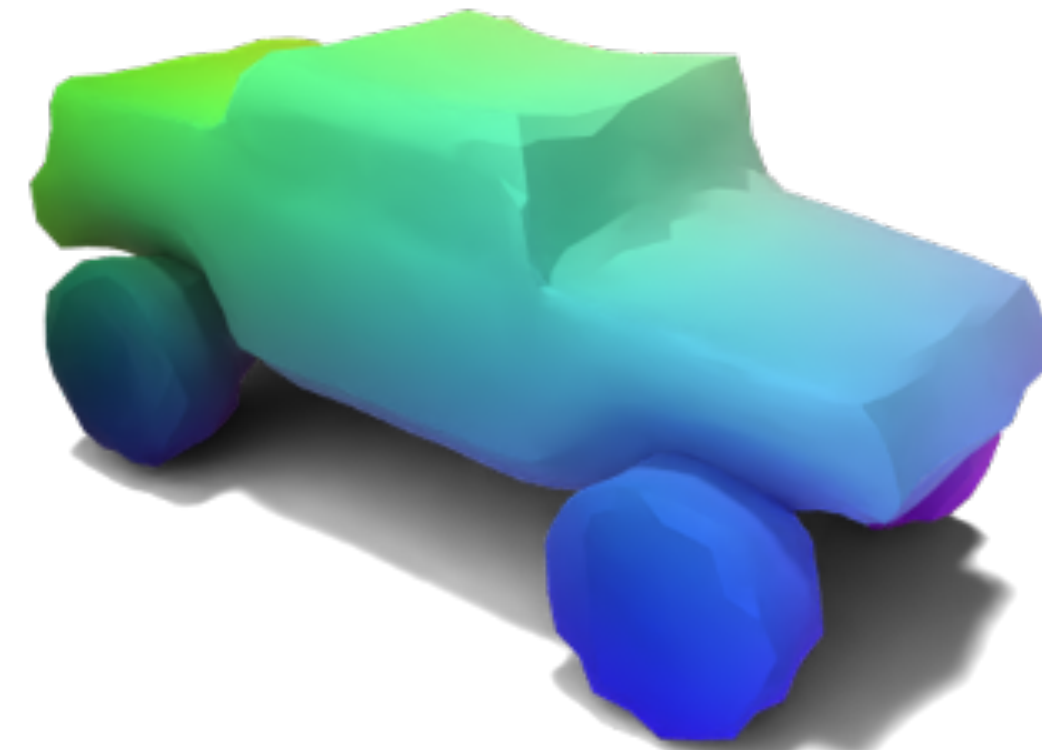
Use image prompts as input for deformation



Input 3D object



Deformed



Target Image



 a 3d render of...



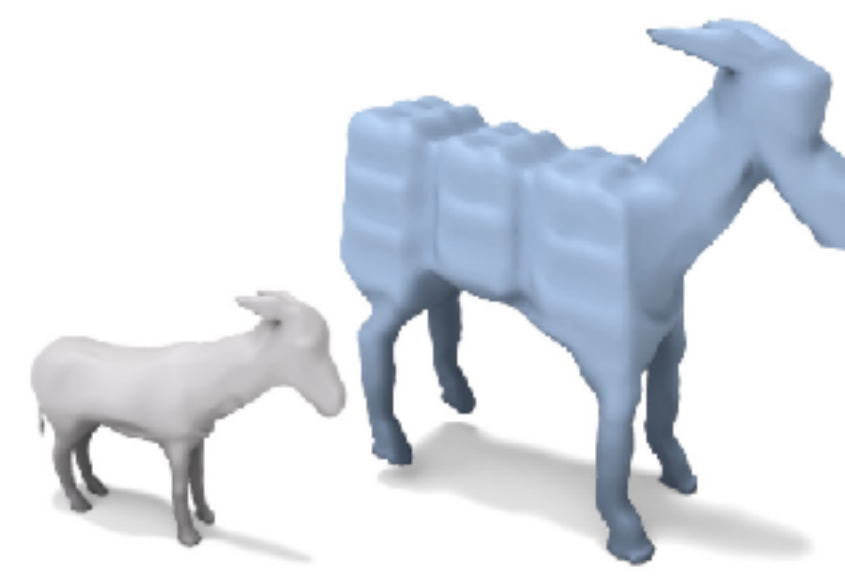
a pineapple-themed vase



an A-pose knight in armor



a cute animal-themed chair



a lego goat

Geometry in Style: 3D Stylization via Surface Normal Deformation

CVPR 2025



Nam Anh Dinh



Itai Lang



Hyunwoo Kim



Oded Stein



Rana Hanocka

Identity-preserving stylization of mesh geometry



Input 3D object



Deformed

Identity-preserving stylization of mesh geometry

Gain more control over the generation process

How: reformulate and restrict the underlying deformation procedure



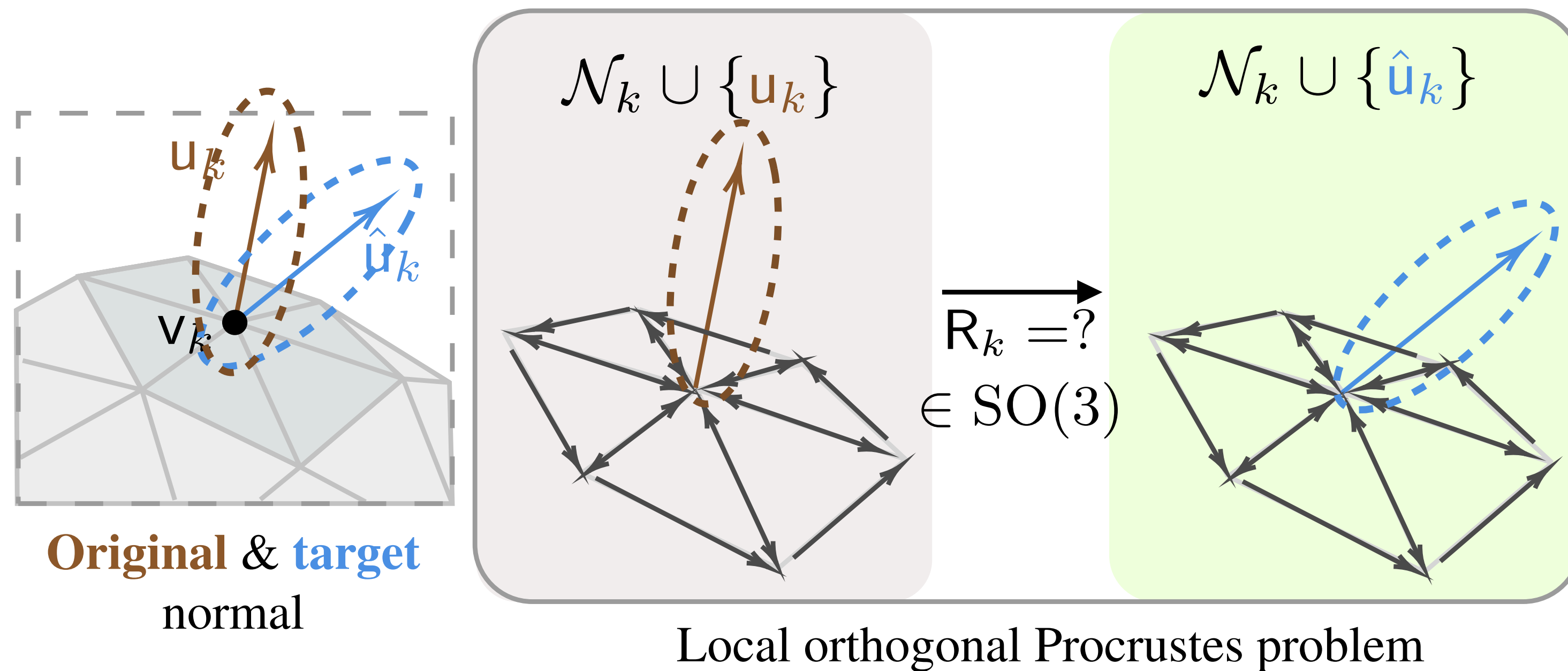
Input 3D object



Deformed

One idea: use normals

Use normals to represent the space of deformations



Recover a “best fit rotation” to the target normal via a local Procrustes solve

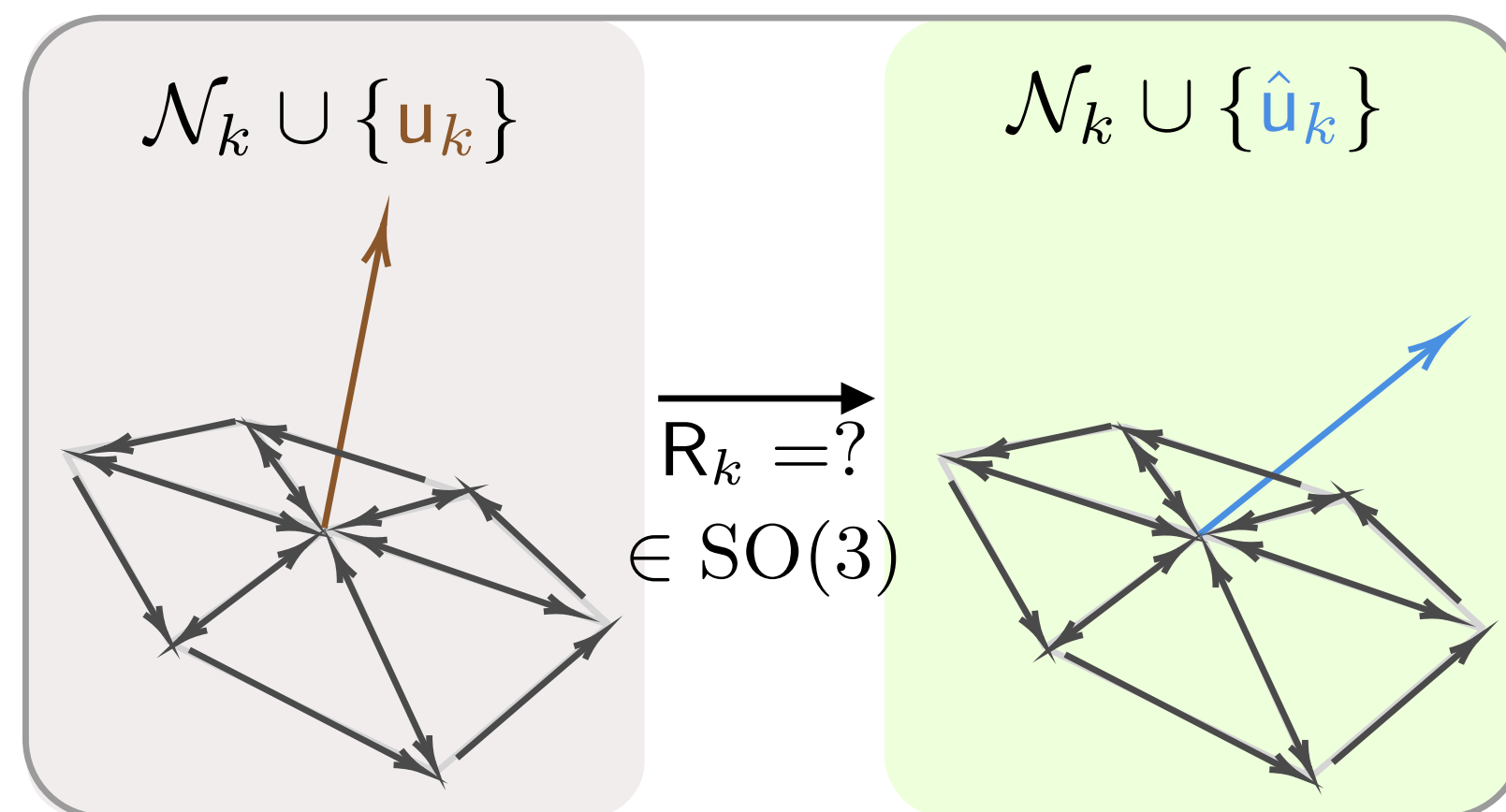
Lambda controls strength of deformation

*More restrictive than Jacobians,
but preserves shape identity while still expressive*

dARAP: Differentiable ARAP

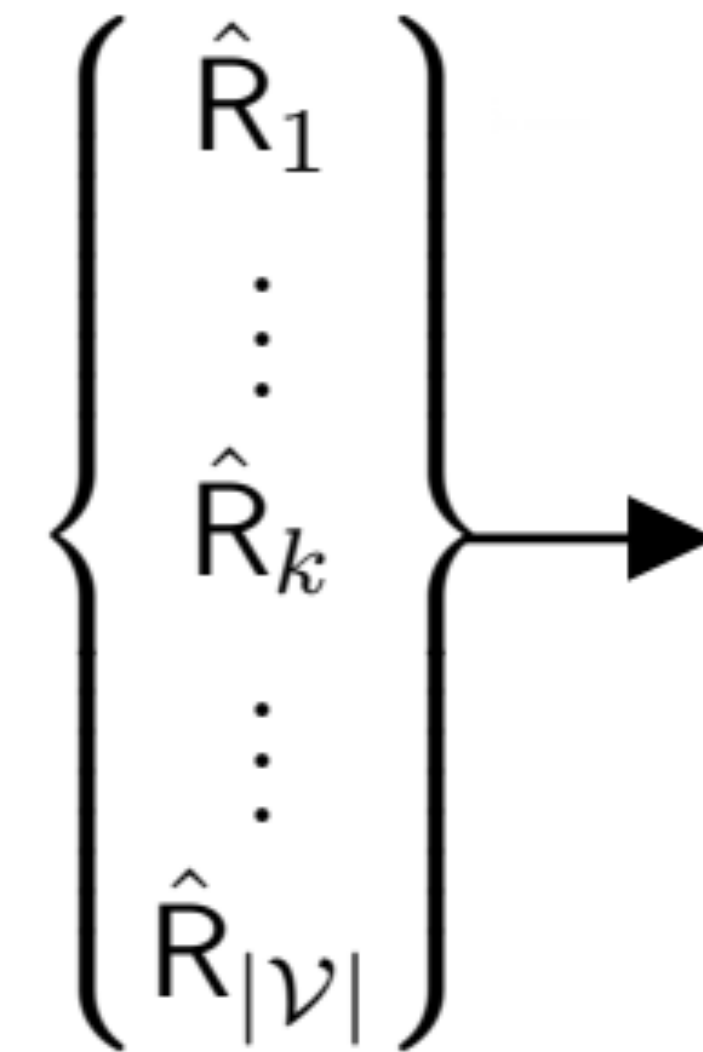
a differentiable one-step adaptation of classical As-Rigid-As-Possible deformation

All runs in a single forward pass!



Local orthogonal Procrustes problem

**Local: solve for optimal rotation
based on target normal**



Local
rotations

Global
solve

**Global: solve for overall deformation
from rotations**

Gist of our approach

Optimize a normal vector per vertex

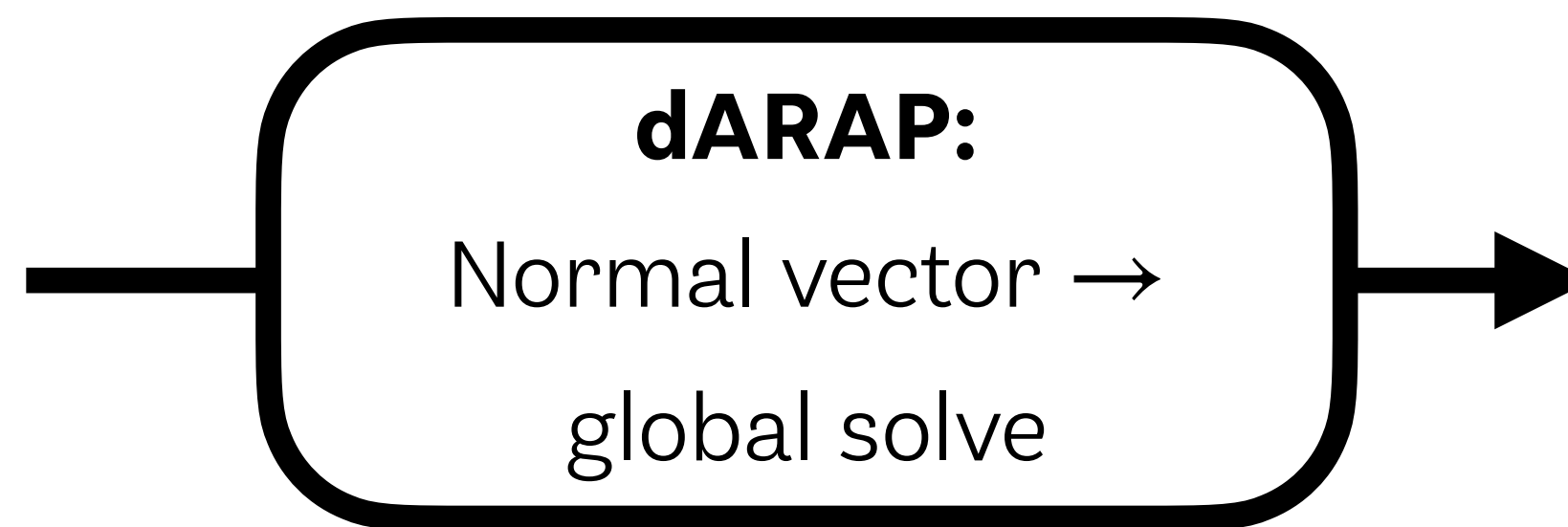
How to supervise?

- *no 3D dataset!*

- *no pairs of text & 3D styles*

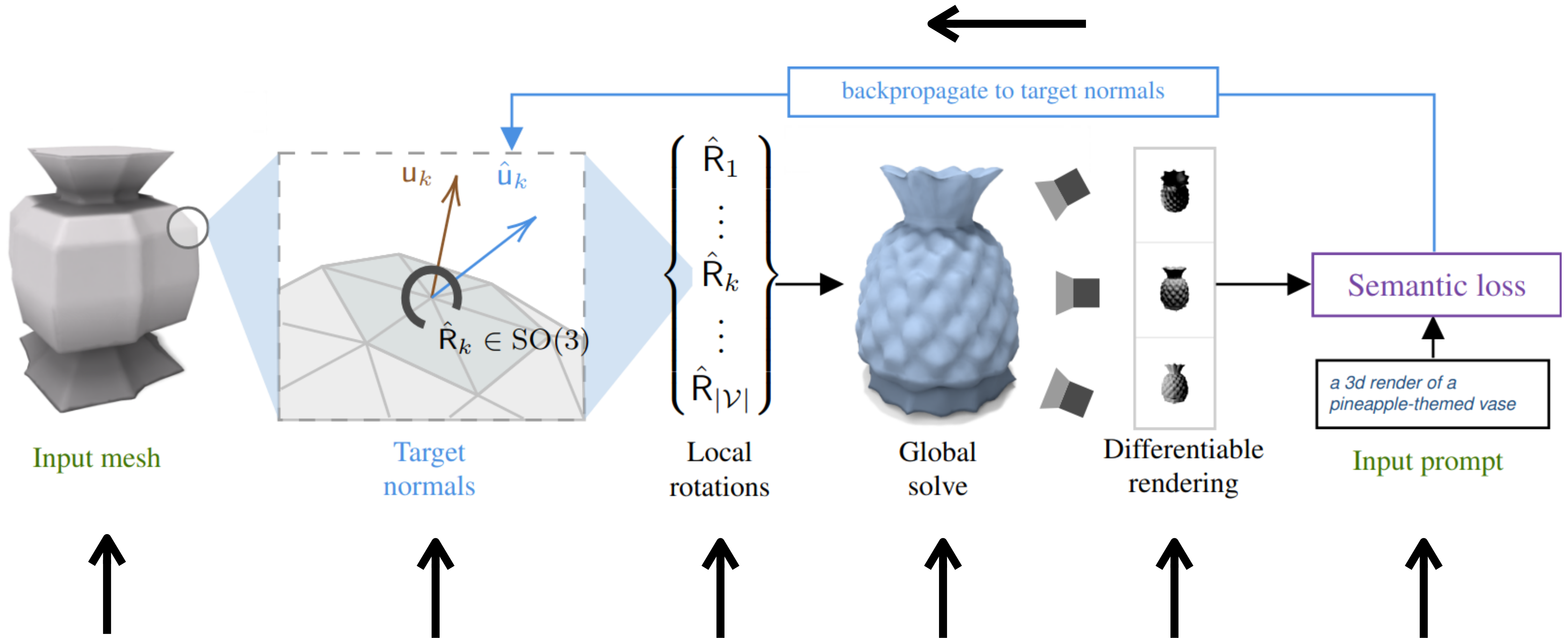


a pineapple-themed vase



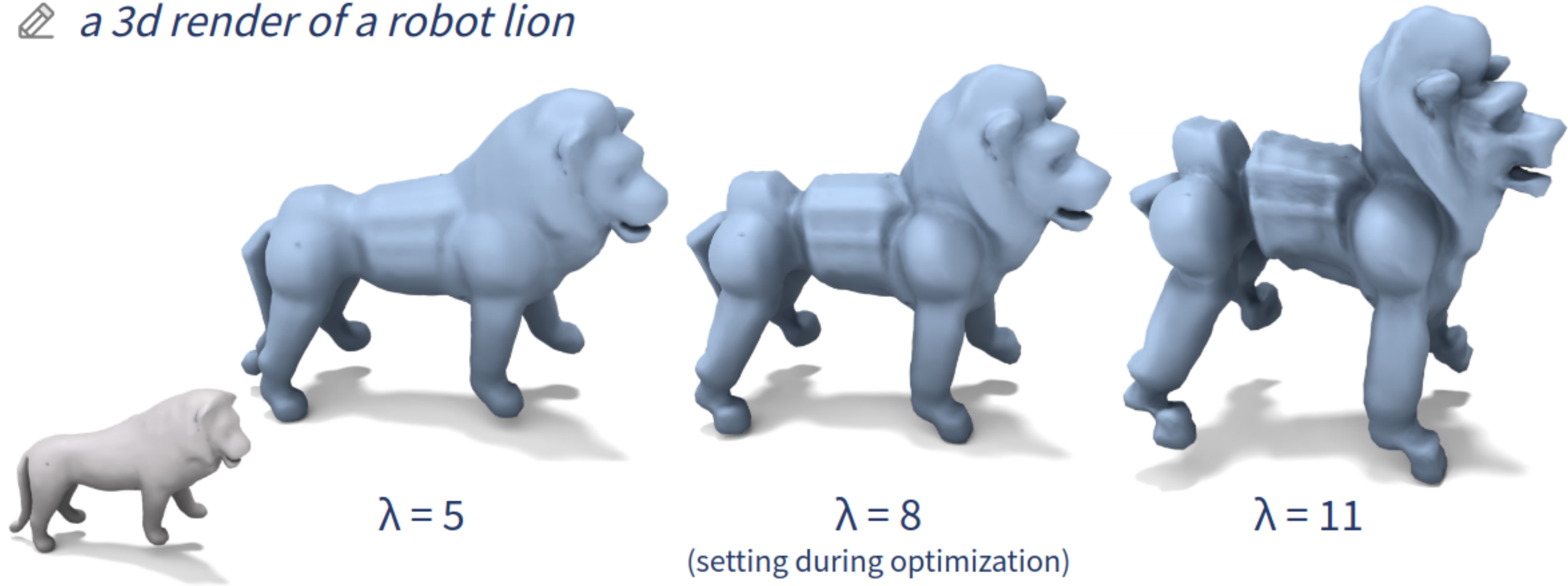
Key idea: Differentiable render & supervise with a visual loss

Geometry in Style



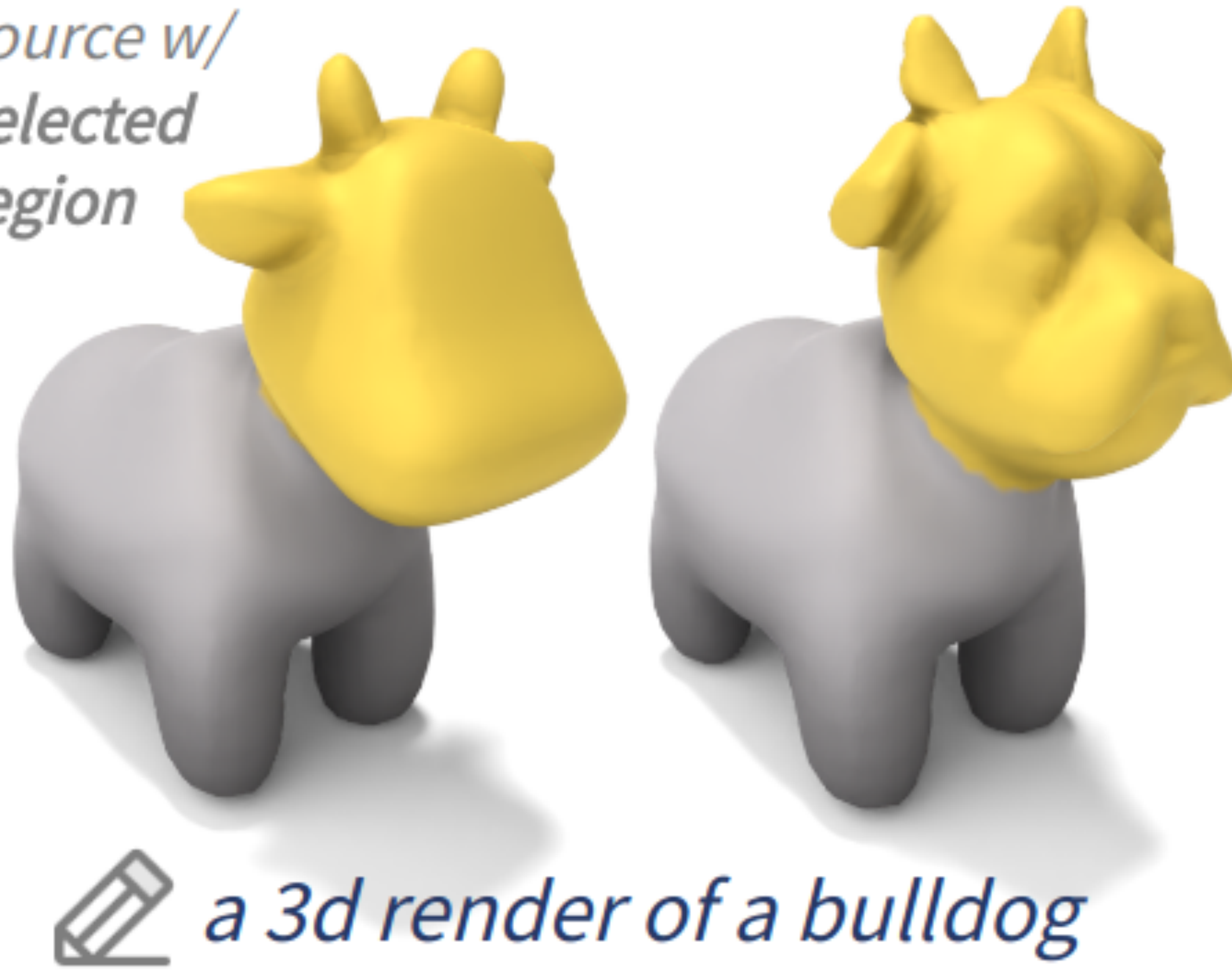
Control the strength of deformation – in post

 *a 3d render of a robot lion*



Controllable deformation region

*source w/
selected
region*



a 3d render of a bulldog

Identity-preserving stylization of mesh geometry



Input 3D object



Deformed

Identity-preserving stylization of mesh geometry

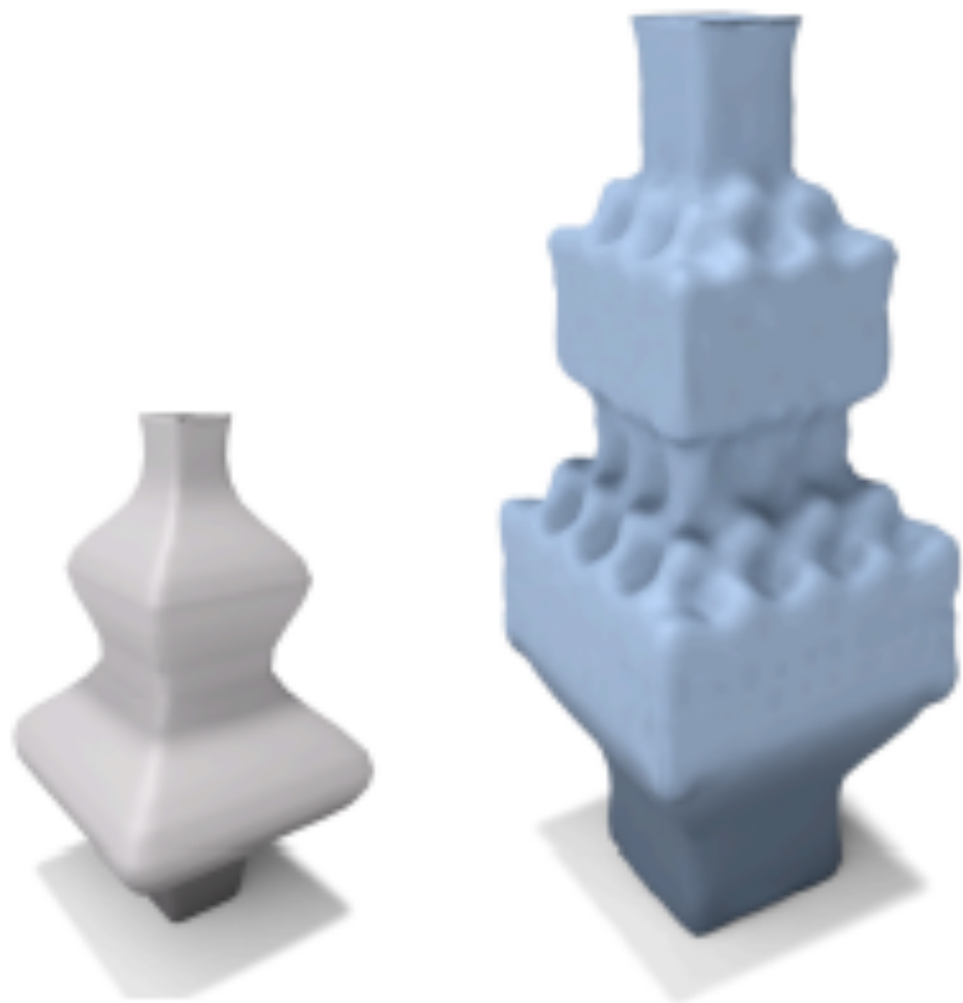


Input 3D object

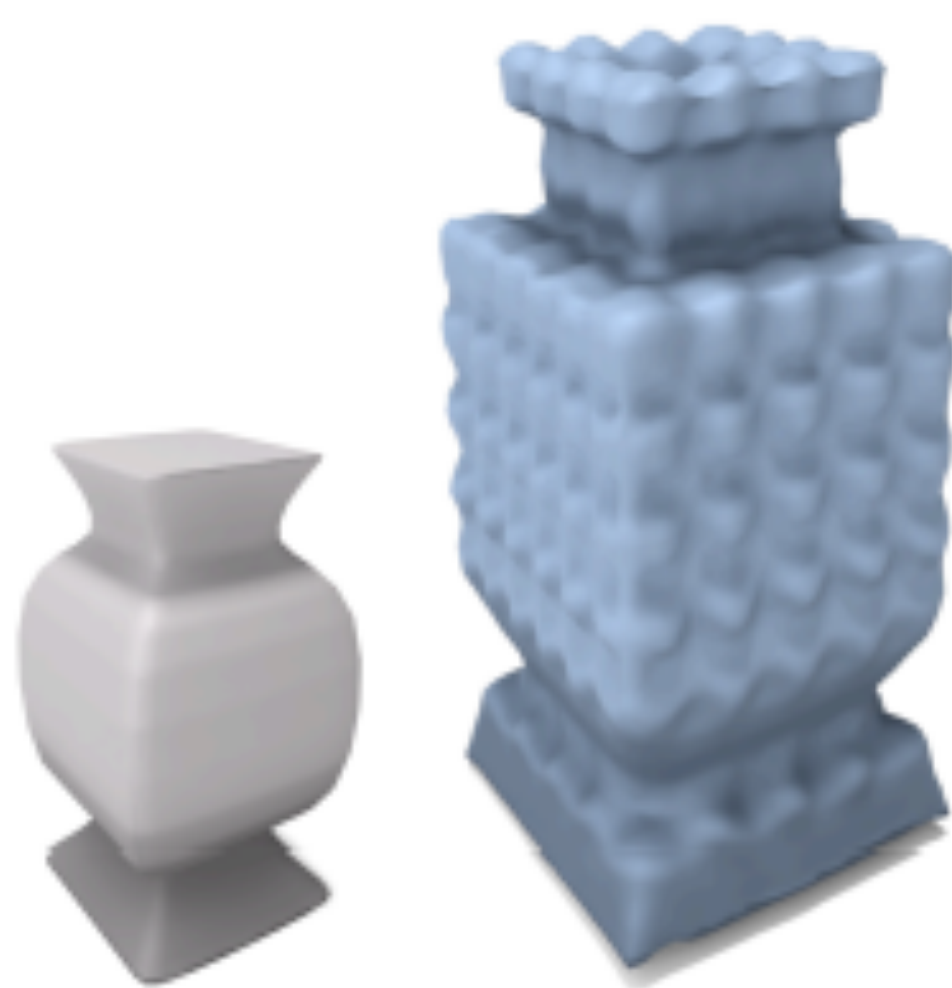


Deformed

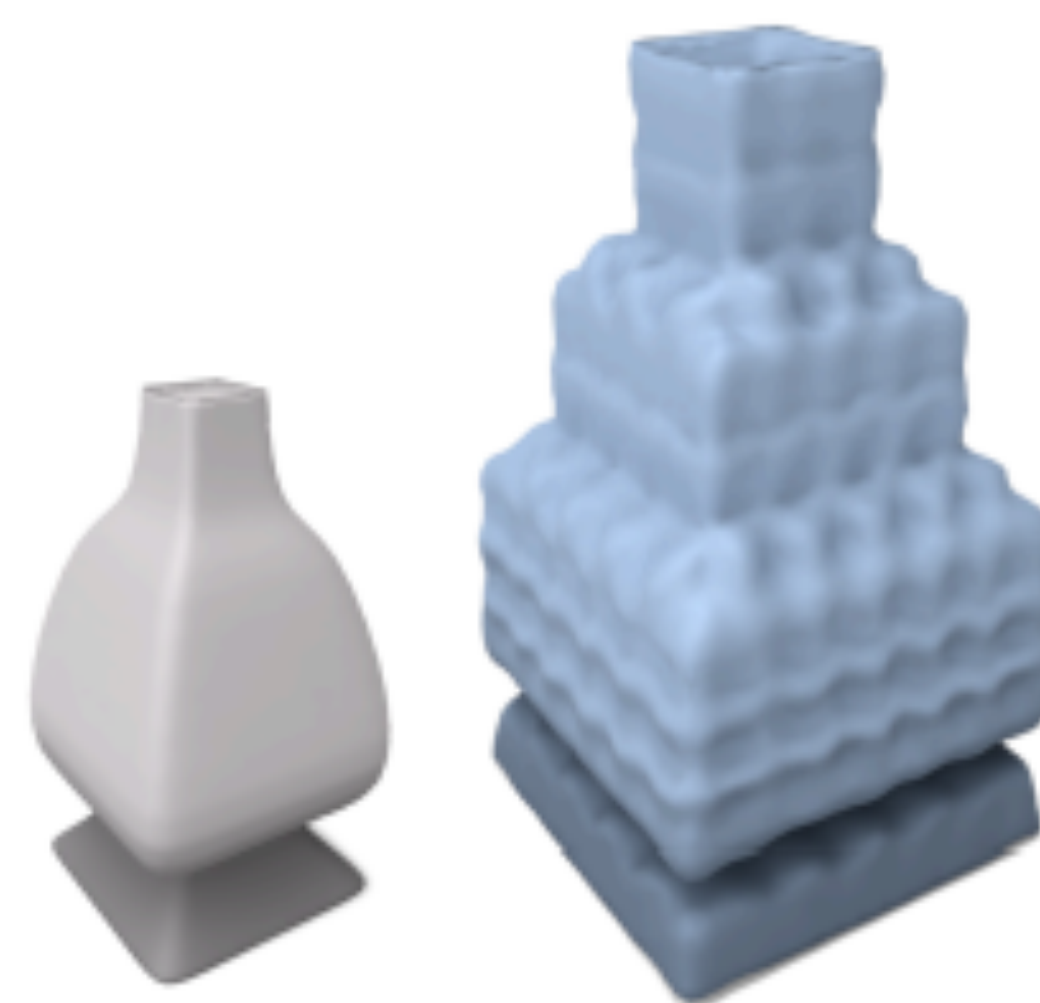
Different shapes, same style



vase made of lego bricks



vase made of lego bricks



vase made of lego bricks

Same shape, different styles



retro game joystick



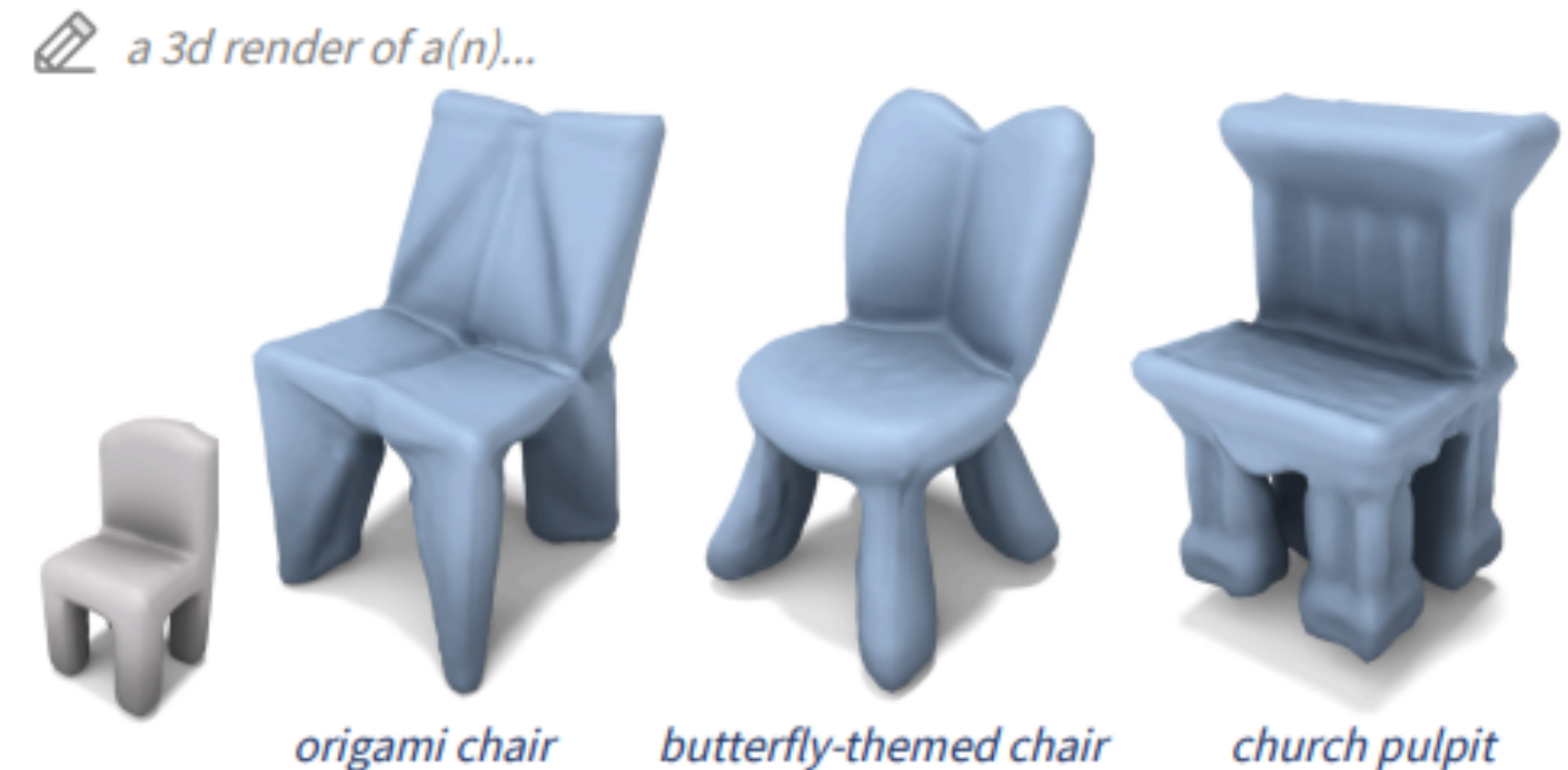
braided pillar candle

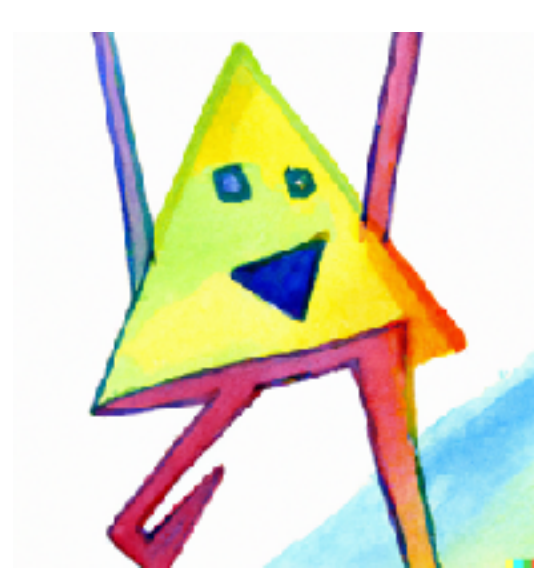


upright fountain pen

Summary of Neural Deformations

- We can achieve highly expressive text-specified deformations
- Deformations via Jacobians are highly flexible (double edged sword)
- Deformations via surface normal is more restrictive, preserving the identity of the input





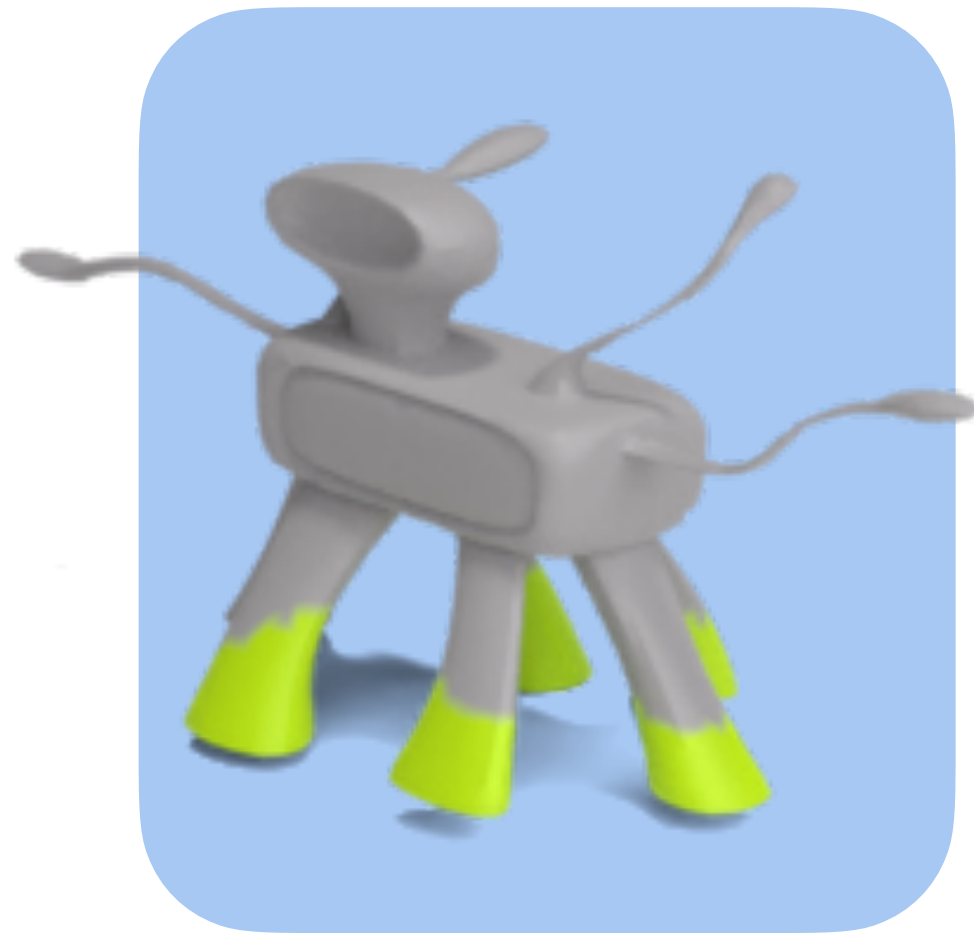
Neural Mesh Editing

without 3D data!



Stylization

Text2Mesh [CVPR 2022]



Localization

3D Highlighter [CVPR 2023]
3D Paintbrush [CVPR 2024]



Deformation

TextDeformer [SIGGRAPH 2023]
MeshUp [3DV 2025]
Geometry in Style [CVPR 2025]



Segmentation

iSeg [SIGGRAPH Asia 2024]

The future of mesh editing without 3D datasets

More tasks in geometry processing

What other underlying properties can we extract during synthesis?

Use these methods to generate supervised data to bootstrap training
feedforward networks



3DL @ UChicago

"Threedle"



Computer Science Building @ UChicago



UChicago Campus



City of Chicago



Thank you!



Rana Hanocka
PI



Dale Decatur
PhD Student



Richard Liu
PhD Student



Nam Anh Dinh
PhD Student



Itai Lang
Postdoctorate



Brian Kim
Undergraduate



a chair made of stained glass